BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

VOL. III. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 20, 1871. NO. 37.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

R. B. BARGER,---Proprietor.

W. W. BROWN,.....Editor.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Wednesday Morning, Sept'r 20, 1871.

D. F. FORTNEY, ESQ., CHAIRMAN DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

We have but one apology to make for taking further notice of this political demagogue. In this apology we beg leave to repeat a sentiment which we before expressed concerning his inherent and inborn nature that "you cannot make a silk purse out of a sows ear," as we perceive that his demagogueship has spirited his venom at many of the most distinguished men in the State calling them "rogues, thieves and plunderers." In his address he does not soar above the level understanding of the lowest class of his party, to their passions and feelings by flattery, falsehood and backbiting his opponents. We say we apologize, and in noticing him at this time "we do not give him to posterity as a pattern to immortality, but an example to deter."

In the last *Watchman*, we see him in his special plea to our castigation, playing the knave in morals, as well as in politics. As by his last fantastical ebulition in that paper this modern Pharisee claiming purification and perfection, because he says he is "identified with the interests of the Y. M. C. A." and further says if this be a disgrace I acknowledge it." Not so fast D. F. Fortney, Esq!!

The Y. M. C. A. cannot disgrace you. The boot is on the other foot. They may be the sufferers. The Y. M. C. A., is a noble, moral institution. Its object being to reform unprincipled scape goats, and if possible make them honest virtuous and moral. You, D. F. Fortney, Esq., cannot disgrace them, nor can *your* identification with the Association prove that you are a worthy, sincere and faithful member. It may galvanize you for a short time, but the Y. M. C. A., knows as well as we, that the serpent was found in Eden, that Judas Iscariot was one of twelve, that Benedict Arnold, was once a companion of Washington, and that every day we hear of imposters, and hypocrits imposing themselves upon the moral and religious community.

"O! with what authority and show of truth
Can cunning Sin cover itself withal."

The most laughable part of this defaulting tax collector's article, is where he asserts that "I am sorry that I am compelled to state these facts in order to ventilate and offset the falsehoods of Col. Brown." What offset or falsehood has he ventilated? What facts has he stated?

We stated that at the time he was appointed tax-collector for Bellefonte, he was a student at law. He puts us right by asserting that "he was admitted to the Bar at the April term, before "I was appointed collector." This he calls "ventilating"—"Gole Brown," because he had become an admitted Attorney, at the time of his appointment, yet, we assert, he was a *briefless* Attorney at the time, without clients and remains nearly so at present. and therefore, required more means than he possessed to keep up the style, and the collectorship was a prize to enable him to swing round the circle, "dressing fashionably, traveling often—went West on visits, (particulary to Blair county), was quite liberal at Rebersburg, *and this of course took money.*"

How did D. F. Fortney, Esq., ventilate these charges when he read them in the REPUBLICAN? We had touched a bristle of one of the *herd* and set the whole *sty* in an uproar. He declared at the table in the Bush House, (and it is a very good house by the way), that Brown did not write it, that it was J. G. L——, that wrote it, because he was the only *one in this town that knew the facts*, and he would hold him responsible. *How is that for High?*

He says his wardrobe is paid for, insinuating that he is in funds to pay liabilities. This will be pleasant news to S. S. Wolf, Isreal Grenoble, Felix Mullen, washerwoman and others, and may account for his defalcation, in not paying over the collected taxes. And again; This man to excuse himself in his defalcation, says; "part of the deficit would be part of Brown's own taxes, although asked for at three distinct times, never paid." Why did he not collect them as they were but a mite in the $2,353,04 of taxes with which he is charged on the 2nd of January, 1871 by the County Auditors, as not paid into the Treasury? Why did not this *pious* young man tell the truth and give the reason? No, his innate duplicity was not to be eradicated by the elevation of tax-collector, and to thus endeavor to bring all to the level of his own insignificance and boorish laudation.

We regret that we have to enlighten the readers of the *Watchman*, by a departure from our usual course in decending to personal affairs in "ventilating" D. F. Fortney's, false assertion in respect to ourself. In regard to our tax, this is the true statement. D. F. Fortney, is indebted to the REPUBLICAN for advertising, job work, &c., &c. This indebtedness is more than the amount of our taxes can be, on his Duplicate. We presented, or left our bill at his office, and that is the last of it. Let him pay the tax. He has the money in his hands, and we will give him credit. But as we are not as lucky as the county, if, he is to be believed, we have not "two bondsmen" to secure the debt, or to fall back upon. This we suppose is the reason why, he never *asked* us but *once* for our taxes.

In the address of D. F. Fortney, Esq., to the people of Centre county, he spews forth his venom at the Republican party and true to his corrupt and maggotty nature he charges them with conniving with the defaulter Evans, and calls them "Robbers, Thieves, Scoundrels, and public plunderers," and then declares that "Stanton and Beath, *our* candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General are connected with them." And now we find him in the *Watchman* boasting that "he did make that charge and it was not refuted in the above (our) paper." Now it was for this language and epithets recklessly put forth by this *pious* young man, who says 'ironically' that he is identified with the interests of the Y. M. C. A., that we noticed him at all. But we are satisfied that, that reformatory Association is not indentified with him, as his defamatory and scandalous slanders prove. The Y. M. C. A., had better keep him on probation for some time, as not all the waters of Jorden, nor the pool of Saloam would cleanse him of his moral and hypocritical *leprosy*.

We also proved that as collector of the State and County taxes of the Borough of Bellefonte for 1869, he was a defaulter in the sum of $2,353,04. How does he "ventilate" this charge? Hear him. "I never asked for the collector-"ship, and never asked for bail; but "would state plainly for public infor-"mation, that I have two bondsmen, "who are abundantly able to make up "Mr. Brown's deficit" * * * On my Du-"plicate are $2,353,04 of outstanding "taxes, every cent collected by me, was "paid over to Treasurer Wolf, and an "examination of the books will show "this."

This is simply a falsehood, while he admits the truth of the charge we made against him. In a word, he pleads guilty to the indictments. His duplicate amounted to the sum of $2,933,04 in 1869, when it was given into his hands, unsolicited, without requiring him to give bail. But some outside party gave the Bonds. *Is not that funny?* He was imposed upon by the Commissioners and *two* other outside Bondsmen.

On the 2nd of January 1871, two years after he had the Duplicate, the County Auditors made a settlement with Treasurer S. S. Wolf, Esq., who had given collector D. F. Fortney, Esq., credit with all he had paid into the Treasury up to that date, amounting to $600, leaving Fortney, indebted on his Duplicate $2,353,04, and which Mr. Fortney, declares remains uncollected up to the 15th of September 1871. Who believes him? Will he dare repeat it and say that the tax-payers have not paid their taxes for 1869? Is he not a pretty accusor of the great Republican party and its candidates?

We pity more than we censure him. We must however in the line of duty "ventilate," and "excoriate" this pious libeller, this moral fraud; but while we use the lash, it is with tears. "Pray for those who dispitefully use you" &c.

NO ELECTION FOR TOWNSHIP OFFICES.

Your attention is particularly called to the fact that the Act of Assembly fixing the election for township officers at the October election, was repealed last winter, and therefore, there will be no election for townsip officers this fall.

The township officers will be elected as usual in the Spring of 1872.

HON. P. G. MEEK, THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR ASSEMBLY, AND HIS FORGED LETTER.

That Meek is the Democratic candidate for Assembly, is a fact beyond dispute. That he secured his nomination, by wilfully *forging a letter*, and thus deliberately, and systematically *cheated* the *majority* of the Democrats of Centre county, out of their choice of a candidate, (John H. Orvis) for Assembly, is also a fixed fact, and one which *Meek dare not*, and *can not* deny.

To substantiate the above proposition, let us give the facts and name the witnesses, by whom we are prepared to prove them. First, in the *Watchman* of August 4th 1871, Meek alleges he is in possession of letters written by Radical Lawyers &c. See *Watchman* of that date. On Saturday the 5th of August preceding the Democratic convention, he was in Millheim, where he did show a letter, purporting to be written by Capt. Isaac Lytle, Secretary of the Republican county committee, to one James Chambers, a Republican residing in Patton township, exhorting said Chambers, to attend the Democratic delegate elections, and to vote for delegates for Orvis &c., to Wm. R. Alexander. And that the same letter was shown to Dr. Hillibish of Rebersburg, Wm. Tobias and others. That Meek did show such a letter he cannot deny.

On Monday the day preceding the meeting of the Democratic convention, Capt. Lytle was called upon by Col. D. G. Bush and others, at Lytle's office, in relation to his writing such a letter; and he (Lytle) there in the presence of Col. D. G. Bush, Wm. P. Wilson and others, most positively denied having written any such letter as Meek showed, at Millheim and Rebersburg; and most emphatically denied having written any letter at all, to James Chambers, of any kind whatever. and that he had not written any letter of a political nature, this fall, either as Secretary or individually to any person in the county whatever.

He asserts the same thing in his letter of August 16th to Jas. H. Rankin, Esq., Chairman of the Republican county committee which we republish.

IMPORTANT LETTERS.

SOMEBODY GUILTY—JEHU IN TROUBLE—WILL HE EXPLAIN?

BELLEFONTE Aug. 15, 1871.

CAPT ISAAC LYTLE.—In a recent canvass for nomination as the candidate, of the Democratic party for Assembly, rumors arose and were loudly avowed, that you as the Sec'y of the Republican County Committee had written a letter to one James Chambers, urging him to use his influence to arouse the lukewarm democrats in favor of one of the prominent candidates for said nomination, and alleging that the prominent Republicans of our party were ready to use their influence to elect him should he be nominated.

Will you please explain as to the truth or falsity of the said rumors—as to the letter said to have been shown in Penn and other townships?

Please answer promptly.

Respectfully Yours,
JAS. H. RANKIN,
Chairman County Com.

BELLEFONTE Aug. 16, 1871.

Jas. H. Rankin, Esq., Secretary Republican County Com.

SIR:—In reply to the inquiries contained in your letter of the 15th, would say that I did not write a letter to Jas. Chambers, Esq., under my official signature as Secretary of the Republican County Committee, nor without it; urging him to use his influence with lukewarm Democrats, in favor of one of the prominent Democratic candidates for Assembly, alleging that if nominated the prominent Republicans of our party would exert their influence to have him elected.

As to the letter said to have been shown in Penn and other townships written by me as Secretary of Republican County Committee, must in truth say that I know nothing at all about it, and if such letter was shown, was written without my knowledge or consent.

Respectfully Yours.
ISAAC LYTLE,
Sec'y Republican County Com.

How then did Meek get the letter? Lytle tells us. Immediately after the interview of Monday as detailed above, Lytle called upon Meek and demanded of him to know why or how he (Meek) had implicated him (Lytle) with this letter affair. Meek explained as follows: "When down at Millheim and the lower end of the county the other day, some of my friends asked me, if I had with me any of the letters, that I stated in my paper I was in possession of. I told them I had. And not to be caught up *I went into the* Hotel and *there wrote the letter addressed to Jas. Chambers, showed to my friends, and signed your name to it*; knowing you to be a friend of mine, and believing you would not expose me, and that the letter had cooked Orvis' kettle nicely down there."

The above is the report of Lytle's interview with Meek, as related by Lytle, to Col. D. G. Bush, H. Y. Stitzer, Gen. Blair and others, and it shows clearly how Meek got the letter. *He simply forged it.*

The day that the Democratic County Convention met, H. Y. Stitzer, Esq., stated to Meek that, the matter of the Lytle letter to Chambers, would have to be brought before the convention. Meek strongly objected to this, and begged that the matter should not be investigated by the convention; that it would be very unfair to bring it before the convention, as he would not have time to go up to Patton township after Chambers; and it would be necessary to his defence to have him as a witness, or have his affidavit. James Chambers, whose reputation for honesty, uprightness and truth, is far above the slightest suspicion, was seen a day or two after the meeting of the convention, and positively denied having ever received, seen, or heard of any such letter before the time he was inquired of about it, which was a day or two after the Democratic convention.

So, Meek, convicted of forgery on his own confession, now stands convicted of lying also.

Shortly after Meek's nomination, he addressed a letter to Lytle concerning the letter purporting to have been written by Lytle, which letter Meek had written himself at Millheim as aforesaid. To which Lytle replied. The correspondence was published in the *Watchman* as well as the other county papers, the REPUBLICAN and Centre Hall *Reporter*.

Lytle's reply, to Meek's letter as published in the *Watchman*, was not published or written by Lytle. But Meek altered it, interpolated, erased and changed it, before publication so as to suit his side of the case. In proof of this, we call Capt. Lytle on the witness stand, John H. Orvis, whom Lytle furnished with a copy of the original letter he wrote to Meek, and the typo who set the type. *So Meek again stands convicted of forgery No. 2.* Above we have related the facts and named our witnesses.

CONCLUSION.

Meek did show a letter in the lower end of the county to his friends, purporting to have been written by Isaac Lytle, Secretary of the Republican County Committee, to James Chambers, a Republican of Patton township, in the interest of Orvis. Meek did *forge* that letter. That letter, in Meek's language did "Cook Orvis' kettle" down there; in other words it defeated Orvis. By the forgery of that letter, Meek, absolutely the minority candidate, so far as the popular voice was concerned did swindle and defraud the honest majority of the Democratic party out of their choice for a candidate for Assembly.

Will honest Democrats of Centre county, allow themselves to be victimized by such a *forger* and political trickster? Dare the Democratic party, assert its honesty, and at the same time, vote for P. G. Meek for the Legislature, who has proven himself to be capable of committing the highest crimes known to the law, in order to advance his own interests? If the Democratic party elects P. G. Meek does it not become a party to the crime of forgery, he has committed? And does it not place a premium on such crime by rewarding it? How then can the honest Democrats of Centre, who have been swindled so grossly by Meek, out of their rights, permit themselves to become a party to crime and corruption, by supporting a man as unscrupulous as Meek, and who wholly disregards and tramples upon the rights of others when self-interest is at stake?

In short, is a man who has resorted to forgery, bribery, and wilful lying, to secure his nomination, a fit man to represent any people in the legislature, or to have part in making their laws?

Let the honest people of Centre county, both Democrats and Republicans, take a New Departure No. 2, as the citizens of New York City have done against Tammany, and at the election in October pronounce judgment of condemnation, against such crime and political villainy as that of which P. G. Meek has been guilty.

KELLER & MUSSER have just received a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter goods, which they are selling rapidly. Call soon.

IS HE HONEST?

We believe he is, as far as his personal, private business transactions go—politically we believe him to be an unscrupulous, dishonest demagogue. We are not the only party that hold this opinion. His own political friends are anxious now to tell of it. We mean P. G. Meek, candidate for Assembly.

Fred. Kurtz, the Editor of Centre Hall "Reporter," and whom we have always opposed politically, with all his political bigotry has began to see it. While Fred. may not be the smartest politician in the county, yet we believe him to be honest in his convictions. However, for many years, his paper has been but the echo of the "Democratic Watchman."

It did take him several years to see what intelligent men have entertained no doubt upon, viz: that Meek has been manipulating their party in this county to his own political and monetary advantage for the last five years.

Kurtz, and many other Democrats of Pennsvalley, are disgusted with him. In the "Reporter" of July 21st, 1871, in speaking of an article in Meek's paper, on the L. C. & S. C. R. R., he says:

"For his statements, there is not the shadow of truth. What can be more despicable? We hurl it back to Meek as fitting the conduct of one who stands charged in the Philadelphia *Age* of last March, with "hobnobbing" with the Radical cut-throats of Philadelphia, to defeat the Building Commission bill and assist the Radicals of that city in perpetrating an infamous measure that enables them to keep their heels upon the necks of the gallant Democrats of that city."

The issue of the *Age* referring to the above says:

"The measure was meanly strangled and defeated by the Radical House Committee assisted by two Democratic members, (one of whom was P. Gray Meek, of Centre.) We call upon these to go home and settle with their constituents."

The Philadelphia *Press* of August 10, last, contains the following:

"The Republicans of the 10th Assembly district, met yesterday and nominated Wm Kaget in place of Hager, who represented the district last year, and was one of the immortal men, (along with P. Gray Meek) who voted with the Ring to murder, in cold blood, Senator Dechert's bill for the emancipation of Philadelphia from the clutches of the Building Ring."

Democrats of Centre county, what think you now of your candidate for Assembly? Will Fred. Kurtz and the Pennsvalley Democrats vote for a man who sells his vote for money to the detriment of his own party?

Here is one instance in which he has brought down upon himself, the malidictions of his own party, for selling his vote to the Republicans!

Did you think that P. Gray Meek who has preached Democracy every week for many years to you, would vote with W. W. Brown and the Republican party? He did it, and for MONEY!

He made money in the Legislature.—You know he is rich or he would not have promised to *buy* the votes that nominated the Associate Judges.

He is using you, Democrats of Centre county, as the tradesman uses his tools, for what? TO MAKE MONEY!

Why would he sell out you, Fred. Kurtz; and you, Jacob G. Meyer; and you, John H. Orvis (who have made him what he is); and, Centre co., Democrats, if he did not know that he could make more money in the State Legislature, in one term, than his *legitimate* business would bring him in years?

Throughout the State, his name is a disgrace to you and to his party.

Are you blind?

SEE THAT YOU ARE REGISTERED.

Every Republican in the County should see to it that he is properly Registered. Then see that your Republican neighbor's name is on the list also. If not, have him go at once to the Assessor of the Township or Borough of which he is a resident, and have himself Registered. This must be done at least ten days prior to the Election. Friday the 29th day of September is the latest day you can safely wait. Don't neglect Registering a single vote. Your political opponents never fail in this, and they will be sure to prevent you from voting if you neglect it.

BETTER THAN FOREIGN PORT.—Speer's Port Grape Wine is better than imported Port, and since the adulteration of the latter it must take its place. It is pure and really excellent and health giving.—*Troy Times.*

Our druggists have some direct from Mr. Speer.

O'BRYAN'S is the only place you can get ready made coffins.

REPUBLICANS CLOSE UP THE RANKS. LET THE ORDER GO OUT ALL ALONG THE LINES.

We hope our Republican friends throughout the state will not suffer themselves to be deceived into the belief that the recent victories gained in other States, make it unnecessary for work and organization in Pennsylvania. Let us close up the ranks. Let us work shoulder to shoulder. Let us, we implore you, forget all our personal grievances, real or imaginary, and resolve to work for measures, not men, for Republican principles and the perpituity of the Government, Liberty and equal Rights.

It is very generally conceded, says the Pittsburgh *Gazette*, in political circles, that the Democrats of Pennsylvania are not working for a full victory, but for a half one. The ambitious Wallace cares little whether M'Candless and Cooper are slaughtered or not, so that the Legislature be secured to himself as a candidate for the United States Senate. Under the last apportionment we have a putative majority of one in the Senate and six in the House of Assembly. The present constitution of the upper body will not probably be changed this year, and calculating upon this and the fact that a gain of three members in the lower branch and the retention of their conceded districts, will give them a free legislative sweep, and power to annul the registry law and to elect a United States Senator in 1873. We know that a combined effort is being made by the Democrats of Allegheny county to secure the election of Mr. Lidell from the second district. A gain of one from us would be quite a gain indeed, and the opposition have abondaned all the remainder of the tickets in the hope of electing the gentleman named through their concentrated efforts.

Republicans of Pennsylvania, shall this hypocritical conduct of W. A. Wallace prove successful? We are pleased to see that our friends in Huntingdon County are settling their personal animosities, closing up their ranks, and marching right on to victory. So it is in nearly every Assembly district in the State.

But there is one we cannot understand, and for the life of us we cannot comprehend why the Republicans of that district do not become sensible and cease their silly quarrels with each other for this man or that. We mean the 4th Assembly district of Phila. In that district there are three candidates in the field—two Republicans and one Democratic. Wm. B. Elliott, is the first Republican Candidate. He has been in the Legislature a number of years and is a prominent member of the Gas, Trust and other bodies.

Dr. John Buchanan, whom we have known for years, and who is our warm personal friend, is the second Republican candidate. He is a splendid nomination, and will give strength, vigor and tone to our party. He is a gentleman of fine abilities, a profound scholar, and possesses rare qualifications. No man has done so much as he, to elevate, to educate and ennoble the colored people.

Their vote in the 4th district is over 1200, which he will carry solid, or nearly so, for he is to them a friend and a brother.

The Dr. is closely identified with various learned bodies—with temperance and other reforms. He will poll an immense vote, it is said, and beat Elliott by over one thousand majority.

The question with us is not, who is the regular nominee; but who will bring success? Who will most faithfully serve the interests of the people? The trouble is, if both candidates are permitted to run, that the district will go Democratic and we thus shall lose the greatest Republican stronghold in the State, and with it, very probably, our majority in the House, together with the loss of United States Senator, and have the damaging precursor of a defeat to the Presidential election.

We, in the country, are doing all we can for success. And we claim the right, in the name of all that is good and holy, to call upon the leaders of the Republican party in Philadelphia, to save us the disgrace to which we have alluded. Save us this defeat by an immediate, instantaneous withdrawal of one of those two candidates. Let not a moment be lost. The eyes of the whole State are upon you. Will you learn a lesson from California and from the noble Republicans of other States? We cannot afford to lose the 4th district.—Close up the ranks. Let this be the watchword all along the line.

SEE THAT YOU ARE REGISTERED.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

AMONG THE INDIANS.

Letter from Mr. Brunet's Party.

Different Views of the Savages—The Average Indian More Honest than the White Man—Capabilities of Civilization—No More Vindictive or Cruel than the Whites—Trivial Causes of Indian Wars—Unfounded Reports of Outrages Readily Telegraphed—News of Other Kind Suppressed—Indian Women and Their Characteristics—Weddings—Treatment of Children—Evidences of Civilization in the Shape of Houses—Cheap Horses—Medicine Men—Curious Burial Customs—Dr. Jackson No. 2—An Indian Chief—Change of Name—A Chief Sends His Picture to the President.

[Correspondence to the Pittsburg Commercial.]

VICTORIA, August 21, 1871.

Having spent the last two or three months mostly amongst Indians, with good facilities for judging them, and being deeply interested in the present effort for their advancement, I send you the following hastily drawn sketches of them. My contrasts are, of course, Indians who are on the reservation, many of whom are, to say the least, in every sense of the word far ahead of the majority of the settlers who are about them.

THE INDIAN.

There is in the East a very small class of people who look upon the Red Men of the forest as a superior class of beings—all that is noble, and to whom the possession of all the decalogue of virtues is an inherent right; in short, that all are of the "Cooper" kind. In the West there is a large class who judge the Indian by themselves, and think them possessed of all the vices an evil world has ever practiced or thought of, and laugh at the idea of anything good being in them, or the possibility of ever teaching them anything that will benefit themselves or anybody else. A few good men in the West, not knowing much themselves about Indians in their natural state, form their opinions from this latter class, and knowing of all the crimes done, by Indians since the days of Captain Smith, and forgetting the inhumanity and cruelty with which they have always been met, and the incentives to retaliation, that have been so abundant, they join the cry, and extermination sometimes passes the lips of men, who, to think of it, would blush with shame. The real frontiersman, who oft-times has many of the virtues and few of the vices of our so-called civilization, has a better understanding of Indians, and, while they do not make nature's noblemen of them, place them far above the mass of miscreants, who, escaping from the tramels imposed (or tried to be) on vice in settled communities, have always held high carnival on the frontier, and with whom it is a custom to perpetrate crimes Indians would not tolerate, and they lay the blame on "the blood-thirsty savage."

"INDIANS CAN'T STAND CIVILIZATION."

This is a favorite way of putting it; and the kind of civilization they have received, poor fellows, they can't stand. A few good white men have gone among them, and their influence has been marked, but many bad white men, for the sake of gain, have gone, carrying with them every vice and none of the virtues of civilization. Such they could not stand; and to-day the wild Indians fear nothing more than the taunt of being like white men." They have known only such as were bad and knew no God, no laws nor anything that was good.

"INDIANS ARE BORN TO STEAL."

Another favorite expression; is is a mistake. Naturally they are honest. Almost all the white men who have gone among them in days gone by, as agents, and traders, and teachers, have stolen from them, not only all the Government tried honestly to give them, but all the Indians had themselves. Some Indians have learned it. At one reservation we were at, where a thousand Indians, civilized and wild ones, come and go at pleasure, the agent told me he had not locked his store house for months, and another agent said he never locked up anything the Indians were most desirous of having, and that in ten years he never knew of them stealing anything. A trader said that if all the people on one side of the river were whites and on the other side Indians, and he had goods to leave out at night, he would leave them on the Indian side; and at the time he told us, he was taking goods from the white people's side of the Columbia river to the Indian side, and leaving them on its bank. A man who traded with and lived among Indians twenty years, told me he had never had an article stolen from him. A gentleman who had an orchard of choice fruit, at a place where Indians were coming and going all the time, said he never knew of one of them stealing any fruit. At the fisheries, where they go each season to catch their winter supply of fish, they cure them and pack them away in barrels, butied in the earth. A cover is placed upon them and a stone on it, and they are left till winter or spring, when they are needed, all the Indians going away fifty or a hundred miles, and are gone for months, yet a barrel has never been touched, except by its rightful owner.

A merchant told me he would rather trust an Indian than most of the white people who lived in his neighborhood, and that some of them had credit often to the amount of five and six hundred dollars, but they always paid their bills; that one season, an unusually hard one, money was very scarce, and when pay-day came he told them to bring horses and cattle to pay their bills; they all came, and he named his own price and took enough from each to pay their bills. A gentleman whom I knew very well, told me that he was trading with a wild tribe of Indians, and on one occasion they were going to move away on a hunting expedition; the chief came to him and asked if any of his people owed him anything. He replied that all had paid up except two squaws, who owed him a couple buffalo skins. The chief said he would order them whipped and their tents slit up. The trader told him he did not wish him to do so, as that would not benefit him, and they might pay when they come back again "Well," said the chief, "you teach my people to be dishonest, and they cheat you, it is not my fault."

INDIANS ARE VINDICTIVE AND CRUEL.

In warfare they pursue an enemy remorselessly, and have perpetrated many heart-rending acts of cruelty; yet their mode of warfare recognizes such excesses; and are they to adopt our system, when they posses so few of our facilities for successful warfare? Frontiersmen, in fighting with Indians, are guilty of just the same cruelty; they murder (and scalp too) helpless women and children, and, indeed, the successful expeditions have usually resulted in nothing more important, as the men always escape. At Camp Grant, the scene of the last, most horrible of butcheries, ninety-eight were killed, ninety of whom were women and children, and probably the other eight were old men. But the *men* who did the *heroic* deed would say "they were only Indians." At the Carrington massacre the same proportion were women and children, and one of the soldiers boasted of having dashed an infant's brains out, and others brought in as trophies the scalp of women. So of the Piegan massacre; but it is familiar to all.

INDIAN WARS.

The country in which we have been spending the last month was the scene of the protracted Indian war of 1855 to 1857. Many of the towns we were in were burned at that time, and the Indians who have been greeting us so kindly, were then many of them wielding the tomahawk.

The war in Southern Oregon was brought about from a very trivial cause. A cow died, its owner gave it to a party of Indians, who, with passes from their agent, were going for berries. Some white men seeing the Indians cutting up the cow, started a report that they were stealing and killing cattle. As soon as the agent heard of it, fearing trouble, he called the Indians home. The men rode back to the reservation, and leaving the women and children to follow. The latter encamped near the reservation, and during the night a company of soldiers, without any provocation, fell upon them and killed twenty-seven, but three of whom were men. The Indians at once started upon the war-path. The state of this country then was just as it is now in Arazona and some other sections. A petty theft or a personal quarrel was sufficient excuse for killing an Indian on the spot, or making a night attack on an unsuspecting camp, and public opinion sustained this lawless class then as it does now, in most places on the frontier. After two years fighting, seeing the hopelessness of the struggle, on a promise of personal safety, Pdw-pew-mox-mox, the head chief, came in to surrender himself and make terms of peace, and the commanding officer, now a United States Senator, basely permitted him to be murdered. Another Indian who came in with a flag of truce, to report the safety of a white settlement that had been defended by friendly Indians, was only saved from being put to death by some frontiersmen who knew him. Leschi, an influential chief, who had always shown himself the friend of the white man, and who only went into the war when driven into it by them, and who, during its continuance, saved the lives of many whites and set free many prisoners, after surrendering himself, despite the effort of the commanding General and the United States Judge, without the show of law, was hung for a crime of which he had been proven innocent. The great Sioux war, which cost the government $20,000,000 and an immense number of lives, and laid waste our exposed frontiers, was brought about in much the same way as the Oregon war. A mormon emigrant had an ox in his train give out, and left it. Some Indians finding it, killed it and divided the meat. Some whites seeing it, reported to the commanding officer that the Indians were killing and running off cattle. At once a party of soldiers started out to punish them, and finding an exposed camp of unsuspecting Indians, attacked them; and thus the war begun.

A week ago a report was telegraphed all over the country that the Indians had attacked Teal & Co's., ranche and run off sixty head of cattle. Being just in the neighborhood, within a day or two, we learned from parties who had been there that there had not been an Indian at the ranche nor any cattle stolen, and that the herds got frightened and run away without any cause; and when they returned, everything was just as they had left them.

The false report was telegraphed all over the country, with the fact that troops had been ordered to the place; but the facts when developed a few days later were not *worth* telegraphing. *Facts* of this kind, derogatory to Indians, telegraph agents in the West are always ready to hand up; but denials or contra facts—well, "you can send them if you want to pay for them." I have it from an officer who was high in command in Arizona that not one in ten of the startling telegrams from that section are true.

INDIAN WOMEN.

The time was when Indian women were bearers of burdens only. They were crushed in childhood, made a piece of merchandise worth so much to their parents from the husbands who bought them, and in old age neglected and rushed into an unhonored grave. But not so now. In good reservations the courting is done in "the good old way," the marriage ceremony is performed, and the certificate taken and framed. Only one wife is allowed. No price is asked or given, and the desire of the parents is that the young couple live at home, and when they go to housekeeping, it is as near home as they can get. Even woman's rights has some advocates. In one of the families where we visited, the husband took it into his foolish head that he wanted a second wife; but his better-half had gotten civilized and would not hear of any such nonsense; the lord of creation walked off and settled down with number two. Soon number one heard of it, and followed him, taking a good cudgel, belabored both man and woman most vigorously, and walked her husband home with her; and since then he has been a most exemplary husband, and doubtless appreciates the treasure he has. What more would Susan B. Anthony or her kind recommend?

INDIAN MEN,

On the Western coast, are not generally as fine looking as they are east of the Rocky Mountains, where they have led a wilder and more roving life But generally they are a finer looking set of men than these tourists see at the stations along the Pacific road, seeing which they can understand the Indian question in all its bearing, and then sum it up in "Lo," is a very miserable, degraded fellow, and nothing can be done for him." *They* always call him "Lo." In his wild state the Indian man dresses in a blanket, rides a horse, roams abount and hunts, goes to war, eats and sleeps, while the squaws, as many as he can buy, raise the crops, cut and carry the wood, carry the tent and baggage, provide everything their master wants, walk while he rides, wait upon him while he wakes, and watch over him while he sleeps, and take all the cuffs and kicks he gives as their just due. But now we see him dressed in good clothes, his hair cut off and on week days he goes out in the field with the sun, and on Sundays with his wife and little ones comes to church and Sunday school, if near all walking. if far away the wife and children always riding, and generally the husband by her side, but never the woman walking and the man riding.

INDIAN WEDDINGS

Used to be amongst the common people a very simple affair. A price was agreed upon for the girl, usually a certain number of horses; the horses were delivered and the squaw at once went to work, keeping her husband. The number was limited only by the man's ability to buy. But now only one wife is allowed, and the ceremony is the same as with us, always being publicly performed in church, and a marriage certificate being given.

INDIAN BABIES.

It used to be the custom, as soon as a child was born, to tie it on a board, and there it stayed, as some one has said, until it could ride a horse, (and indeed they begin to ride alone at three and four years of age); but amongst the more civilized ones the custom is obsolete. Among the Flatheads, (in one tribe we visited, many of the women were such), covering all above the eyes in front, and above the center of the head behind. It was kept so for months, pressing upon the brain until the eyes of the child started almost out of its head, and the skull was pressed perfectly flat, sometimes not the semblance of an arch being left to it. But now they are dressed with all the taste the mother has; and at one Indian house we saw a neat child's buggy; and at another we found a young Indian grandmother sitting in an arbor on a cane-seat sewing-chair, fonding an infant with all the pride a city grandmother could show. Beside her a young girl sat, studying Coulton's Statistics of the United States, and on the table was an atlas. A small looking-glass hung in the arbor, and under their feet were reed mats.

INDIAN HOUSES.

Indians for ages have lived in tents, the more degraded living in holes in the ground. But at one reservation we visited there were some one hundred and sixty comfortable houses, and at another sixty, built mainly by the Indians themselves. Many of them had three rooms, and any of them were as neat and comfortable as the average frontier settler's houses, and many of them were more extensive, neater and more comfortable than nine-tenths of the white people's houses outside of the settlement. In most of them was a cooking stove, tables, bedsteads, chairs and the usual plain furniture, and in some of them were books and pictures, and some subscribe (and pay for) a weekly paper. What better evidence of civilization could one ask?

INDIAN HORSES.

However poor, away from the coast, an Indian must have a horse. Most of them own bands of them, some as many as a hundred head, and some over a thousand head each. At one reservation there was 15,005 horses, over fifty for every Indian man, woman and child. They are called cayuses, and are like Jacob's cattle—valuable for the variety of spots and streaks and fancy colors on them. A whole circus could be fitted out in a band of one hundred. To one from the east the value of horses seems very odd; rarely is an Indian horse valued at over $40; most of them at about $20, and many are sold at a much less price. Only a few weeks ago an Indian horse bought for $7.50 was sold in Portland within a week for $120; and a friend of mine bought a beautiful Indian pony for $6, for which within a few days he was offered $100, and he says he would not sell it for $200. A superb black and white horse, as pretty as a picture, worth in Pittsburgh at least $300, was offered for $100. I saw a very pretty horse owned by a chief, for which he has been offered $5,000. The race-course, a natural one, is five miles and 198 yards; this horse makes it in a fraction less than ten minutes, and the tribe offer to back him for $5,000 for that distance.

MEDICINE MEN.

This position has always been one of high honor, but of equal danger. Among the wild Indians each chief has his own medicine man, who is always with him. Their power is almost unlimited; anything they ask is given them. To the Indians their cures are always supernatural, and they can kill or cure at pleasure. When an Indian is about to die, his friends ask who is killing him. The reply is usually some medicine man, and the first chance the friends get, if they do not fear his power too much, they kill him. Two such cases have occured within a few weeks. The day after our arrival at Umatilla Reservation the great medicine man of the Cayuses died. He lived away from the tribe. Every Indian on the Reservation was afraid of him, and all thought a look from him was their death warrant. He hated the whites with a hatred that was unchangeable, was engaged in the Whitman massacre, and was ready for another at any time. Before he died the made his followers promise they would not bury him in a coffin made by a Catholic (the denomination in charge of the reservation), so they wrapped him in his blanket, with his pipe, tomahawk and charms, and buried him.

INDIAN BURIALS.

All along the river are the burial places of the Indians. On a lonely isle a hut is built, and as the Indians die they are wrapped in their blankets and packed away in these huts, one above the other, until the huts are full. The reason for this place of burial is that their spirit may have plenty of fish to eat on the way to the spirit land. The coast Indians bury in canoes suspended to the trees, and all along the coast the trees used to be full of canoes so suspended. The design was that the spirit might be quickly paddled to the spirit land. Of the hunting Indians, some are buried on trees and others in the ground. We came upon an old Indian grave yard, so old that none of the Indians knew when it was used, where the bones of tons of thousands of Indians are being slowly uncovered by each passing breeze. Arrow heads, mortars, pestles and other Indian curiosities are being constantly brought to light. We visited a modern Indian graveyard. Neat little lots, laid out tastefully, surrounded by painted panel fences, a head and foot board, with the name and date. Indeed, the Indian graveyard was much better taken care of than that of the whites on the reservation.

INDIAN PERSONALS—CUT-MOUTH JOE.

As he came into the council Mr. B., remarked, "There comes Dr. Jackson;" and a fac-simile of the Doctor entered. About the same size and color, with the same peculiar twist of the mouth, and something of the same gait; he was dressed in a full suit of regimentals, bright gilt epaulets, brass buttons, dress coat, a crimson sash, a cocked hat, and white gloves. Twenty years ago General Wright presented this outfit to him, yet it is as good to-day as when he first donned it. However, it only doos duty on state occasions.

AN INDIAN PREACHER.

A few years ago the agent picked up an Indian boy, as wild as a deer and as dirty as a pig. When brought into the school his wardrobe consisted of a diminutive piece of a dirty, rotted shirt, and when he wished a change of apparel he turned it. He attended school, working on the school farm, developed some talent for study and aptness for work. He took up a farm, built himself a house, married a wife, and then studied for the ministry, and is now regularly licensed, and I heard him preach a good sermon.

AN INDIAN CHIEF.

We used to picture them in paint and beads and feathers, with gun, and tomahawk and pipe. Jos. Stwire, chief of 3,500 Indians, when we first met him, was dressed in his usual apparel, very like a country gentleman farmer, in a gray overcoat and cape. At the council he had on as neat a gray suit as any of your tailors could get up. He is a good farmer, has a two-story house built by himself, does as good a day's work as any man on the reservation, and, best of all, is an earnest Christian.

OLD JOSHUA.

At one Indian house we visited an old man leaning on his staff, bent down with the weight of three score years and ten, came in. He asked the minister who was with us, to give him a Christian name. He wanted the great chief (Mr. B.) when he carried his words to the Great Father at Washington (he had made a speech at the council the previous day) not to take his Indian name; he wanted to give it up, as he had his blanket and his old Indian ways. The minister named him Joshua; and the old man, with a queer sounding Indian name, who a few years ago was a heathen barbarian, now as old Joshua could look about him and see his son, and his grand son, each with his wife and children, Christian people, surrounded with every comfort.

WENAP SNOOT.

An Indian Chief, who has settled down to white men's ways, and lives and dresses as they do, after the council rode up and gave Mr. B. an old-fashioned daguerreotype, and asked him to give it the President, that when the President read his speech he might know what Wenap-Snoot looked like. The old Chief has one peculiarity, to a lock of hair in front he has tied a long strip of otter skin. A gentleman whom I met told me, that when a boy, he remembered seeing the chief and he then wore the same strip of otter skin. I presume he continues it in his civilization, for the same reason that Mr. K. wears his cue, because he has always done so, and so he goes to the President looking as natural as life, otter skin and all.

T. K. C.

The Sorrow of a Father for a Son—How the Old Man Died for the Child Whom He Mourned.

A few weeks ago a worthy young farmer residing in Montgomery county, while in the act of alighting from a passenger train at a way-station where his aged father was waiting to receive him, was thrown under the wheels of a train which dashed by in an opposite direction, and killed in an instant. The sight presented at the time was said to have been a heart rending one—the man, crushed and covered with blood, and the old gray-headed father, walking to and fro, wringing his hands and crying in a pitiable manner.

To this tragedy there is now a sequel almost if not quite as sorrowful. The poor father seemed haunted by the horrible death of his son, and fell into a state of permanent despondency and dejection, during which the catastrophe he had witnessed seemed always present before his eyes; and at last his conduct became so strange that his family were seriously alarmed lest his mind should be affected. Unhappily, this was the result. Although very closely and tenderly watched by his family, a few days ago he continued early in the morning to elude their vigilance, and when search was immediately afterwards instituted he could not be found upon or near the premises. Inquiry among his friends and relatives in the neighborhood was also fruitless. He had not been seen.

The alarm was at once given, and as he was well known and universally liked in the neighborhood, crowds of people turned out to express their heartfelt sympathy for him and for his family by hunting for him. The fears of his family were dreadfully excited by the fact, ascertained by his wife, that he had taken one of his razors with him. During the whole day yesterday the search was continued in every portion of the neighborhood. The river and creeks were dragged unceasingly, in the belief that he had drowned himself, and diligent search was made in all the woods and thickets in which such a person would be likely to seek seclusion. But up to night the poor wanderer was not feund.

Early the next morning, however, some citizens discovered the body of a man lying in the graveyard adjoining the Friends' meeting house, in the borough. Upon examination it was ascertained that it was that of the poor father. He had killed himself. He lay there, prone upon the earth, with his throat cut from ear to ear, and with the ground around him crimsoned with the blood that had flowed from the horrid wound. By his side lay the razor with which he had committed the deed. He was a man of spotless integrity, pure character, gentle disposition and high intelligence. His hand was in every good work, and his liberality was so great that he was always the first to move in effecting any reform which seemed to promise to be beneficial to the community.

Although men are accused of not knowing their weakness, yet perhaps as few know their own strength.

Defaulters don't always get rich, but by the time detectives look for them they are generally well off.

Attorneys and Agents.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-1y.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-1y.

IRA C. MITCHELL, Attorney at Law Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's new Building opposite the Court House v3n18-1y

JAMES H. RANKIN, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Armory Building, 2nd floor. v3n1-1y.

H. N. M'ALLISTER..... .....JAMES A. BEAVER.

M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v3n1-1y.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Officee with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v2n46-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v3n12-1y

W. W. BROWN, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend promptly to all business entrustdd to his care. v3n1-1y.

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v3-1-1y.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties. 3-6-1y.

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. F. Reynolds & Co. v3n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co's Bank. v2n27-1y.

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JOHN H. ORVIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER.

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J. P. GEPHART, WITH ORVIS & ALEXANDER, attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v3n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

E. A. RUSSELL, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his Professional services to the citizens of Unionville and vicinity. v3n5-3m.

C. HART, M. D Physician and Surgeon, Madisonburg, Pa., offers his Professional services to the People of Brushvalley and Pennsvalley. v3n32-1y.

E IRWIN KIRK, M. D., Physician and Surgeon Bellefonte Pa., Office and Residence on Spring Street, one door north of Presbyterian Church. v2n33-6m.

AUGUSTUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v1n23-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v2n4-1y.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v2n2-1y.

T. B. HAYES. E. F. HAYES

HAYES & BROTHER, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office and residence next door to First National Bank. v3n5-y

JOHN D. WINGATE, D. D. S., now occupies rooms directly over the store of Harper Bro's., a few doors North of his former residence. Sets of teeth inserted for as low as $10,00. Particular attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth. Call and see. v3n4-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D, Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs. Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-1y

J. W. RHONE, DENTIST, Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa., most respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to execute any description of work in his profession. Satisfaction rendered, and rates as moderate as may be expected. Will be found in his office during the week, commencing on the first Monday of each month, and at such other times as may be agreed upon. ja12'70-1y

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Vulcanite, full Setts.....$30
Upper Setts.....$15
Partial Setts $2 per tooth. Please give me a call. v3n-14

BANKS.

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THE qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved the 2d day of June, 1871: An Act to authorize a popular vote upon the question of calling a convention to amend the Constitution of Pennsylvania:

SECTION 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the question of calling a Convention of this Commonwealth be submitted to a vote of the people at the general election, to be held on the second Tuesday of October next, the said question to be voted upon in manner following, to wit. In counties and cities in which slip ticket voting is authorized by law, votes for and against a convention may be expressed and given upon the ticket, headed or endorsed with the word "State' and not otherwise; and the words used shall be "Constitutional Convention," and underneath "for a Convention" or "against a Convention;" and in counties or districts in which slip ticket voting shall not be authorized by law, each elector voting upon said question shall cast a separate ballot, endorsed on the outside "Constitutional Convention," and containing on the inside the words "for a Convention" or "against a Convention," and all votes cast as aforesaid shall be received, counted and returned by the proper election officers and return judges as votes for Governor are received, counted and returned under existing laws.

SEC. 2. That the elections aforesaid shall be held and be subject to all the provisions of law which apply to general elections; the sheriffs of the several counties shall give notice of this act in their election proclamation the present year, and the Governor shall cause all the returns of the said election, as received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be laid before the Legislature at its next annual election.

THE COMMON LOT.—Sorrow is the heir loom of all; the great heritage of human kind. Not a sun sets in the West that does not see rising from the earth a mist of tears. Not a bright smile gleams in the human face that is not intermingled with the shadow of fear, of trouble or of sorrow. This sorrow, this common heritage, we may depend upon it, is felt in royal palaces, in noble halls, as well as looking from the damp cellar below the street, or looking down from the wretched garret that is above. The royal mother feels when she loses her first-born as keenly as the poor beggar woman. There is a dead level on which humanity lies; and if you can disrobe the greatest noble, and take the rags off the most wretched beggar, you will find there is the same human heart and the same immortal soul in both; lost by sin and needing equally to be saved by grace.

GOD'S THOUGHTS.—When we think of the labor required to rear the few that are in our households—the weariness, the anxiety, the burden of life—how wonderful seems God's work! for he carries Heaven and earth and all realms in His bosom. Many think that God takes no thought for any thing less than a star or a mountain, and is unmindful of the little things of life. But when I go abroad the first thing which I see is the grass beneath my feet, and nestling in that, flowers smaller yet, and lower still, the mosses with their inconspicuous blooms which beneath the microscope glow with beauty. And if God so cares for the "grass of the field, which to-day is and to-morrow is cast into the oven," shall He not much more care for the minutest things of your life, "O ye of little faith!"

ENVY.—The greatest flood has the soonest ebb; the sorest temper the most sudden claim; the hottest love the coldest end; and from the deepest desire oftentimes ensues the deadliest hate. A wise man had rather be envied for providence than pitied for prodigality. Revenge barketh only at stars, and spite spurns at that she cannot reach. An envious man waxeth lean with the fatness of his neighbors. Envy is the daughter of pride, the author of murder and revenge, the beginner of secret sedition, and the perpetual tormentor of virtue. Envy is the filthy sediment of the soul—a venom, a poison, or quicksilver—which consumeth the flesh and drieth up the marrow of the bones.

LIFE INSURANCE AT AUCTION.—They have a way in England of putting life insurance policies up at auction, and selling them to the highest bidder. Sometimes the buyer makes a good speculation, and sometimes not.—Recently a policy for £3,000 on the life of a Liverpool merchant, aged sixty-nine, was thus auctioned off for £150. It had only been runing a little over a year, and therefore had no dividend accumulations to enhance its value. The curious part of the affair, is the fact that the insured died just two days after the sale of the policy, and the fortunate purchaser realized, in forty-eight hours, $15,000 upon his investment of $750.

LIBERALITY.—Many measure their charities by a peculiar standard. A man who has but a dollar in his pocket would give a penny for almost any purpose. If he had one hundred dollars he might give one dallar. Carry it higher and there is a falling off.—One hundred dollars would be considered too large a sum for him who has ten thousand; while a praesent of one thousand dollars would be deemed a miracle for a man worth one hundred thousand. Yet the proportion is the same throughout, and the poor man's penny, the widow's mite, is more than the rich man's high sounding and widely trumpeted benefaction.

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This is one of the most pleasant and best paying Hotels in Centre county. The Table is one of the best, the beds, and rooms are comfortable and no man who stops there once will fail to call again. Good stabling and a most attentive and careful Hostler. He also manufactures and sells segars. 3-3-1y

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The undersigned having taken the above well known House has refitted and to some extent re-modled it, is now prepared to
ACCOMMODATE THE PUBLIC
in the most approved style. The table will be supplied with the best in the market and his bar is stocked with choice liquors. The house contains
110 Good Rooms.
The stabling is not surpassed by that of any house in town or country. Call and see me and be convinced.
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The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—
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He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.
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jy14'70-1y. Prop'r.

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A FIRST CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,
PROMPT ATTENDANCE.
ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES—
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The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table well served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants well trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte, on business or for pleasure.

AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS
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my12'69-tf.

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DAN'L GARMAN, *Prop'r.*

This long established and well known Hotel, situated on the southeast corner of the Diamond, opposite the Court House, having been purchased by the undersigned, he announces to the former patrons of this establishment and to the traveling public generally, that he has thoroughly refitted his house, and is prepared to render the most satisfactory accommodation to all who may favor him with their patronage. No pains will be spared on his part to add to: he convenience or comfort of his guests. All who stop with him will find
HIS TABLE abundantly supplied with the most sumptuous fare the market will afford, dens up in style, by the most experienced cooks.
HIS BAR will always contain the choicest of liquors.
HIS STABLING is best in town, and will always be attended by the most trust worthy and attentive hostlers.
Give him a call, one and all, and he feels confident that all will be satisfied with their accommodation.
AN EXCELLENT LIVERY
is attached to this establishment, which strangers from abroad will find greatly to their advantage. ja5'70.1y

THE AMERICAN WASHER?
PRICE $5.50
THE AMERICAN WASHER SAVES MONEY, TIME, AND DRUDGERY.

The Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing, Sure.

In calling public attention to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, (not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented,) are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to annoy, no delay in adapting! It is always ready for use! It is a perfect little wonder! It is a miniature giant, doing more work and of a better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, the ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Curtain or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of the LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any tub and taken of at will.

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once becomes the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others, and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$5.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER, is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
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The largest and cheapest WOODEN WARE HOUSE in the United States. v3n35-3m.

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POWER PRESS
Job Printing
OFFICE,
HUMES' BUILDING ALLEGHENY STR'T.
BELLEFONTE, PA.,

near the First National Bank, and nearly opposite the Centre County Banking Association.

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CARDS,
BLANKS,
&c., &c., &c.,

OUR MOTTO, PROMPTNESS.

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IRWIN & WILSON,
are constantly receiving new goods in their line.
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THE ANVIL STORE now receiving a large and well assorted Stock of Hardware, Stoves, Nails, Horse Shoes, Saddlery, Glass, Paints, Sheet, Bar and Hoop Iron also Buggy and wagon Stock of every description. Call and supply yourselves at the lowest cash rates. IRWIN & WILSON.

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No. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW
J. & J. HARRIS—THE PLACE TO BUY.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the community that they have opened a complete
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comprising all varieties of goods in that line which they will
SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES
Their stock consists of all sorts of
Building Hardware,
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Carpenters', Masons, Plasterers and Blacksmiths Tools, and Materials, Nails, Iron, Horse-Shoes and Horse-shoe Nails, Rope tackle,
FORKS, CHAINS, SHOVELS, AXES.
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Housekeepers' Goods, Saddlery, Carriage Trimmings, &c., &c., together with all sorts and sizes of
COAL OIL LAMPS,
and the different parts thereof, together with a complete assortment of the best
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They hope,
BY STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS,
and a constant care for the
ACCOMMODATION OF CUSTOMERS,
to merit and receive a
SHARE OF THE PUBLIC PATRONAGE.
BUILDERS and OTHERS
will find it to their advantage to call and examine their stock.
J. & J. HARRIS,
No. 5, Brockerhoff's Row.
jan5,'70-1y.

Cloths, Carpets, etc.

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SPRING CREEK
Woolen Factory.

THE undersigned having leased for a term of years the above named WOOLEN MILLS, beg leave to inform the people of Centre and surrounding counties, that they manufacture,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERS,
Jeans, Satinets. Flannels, Yarns,
TWEEDS, BLANKETS, &c., &c.,
which they will
SELL For CASH
OR EXCHANGE FOR WOOL.
Wool wagons with accomodating agents, will deliver cloth and gather in Wool.
Farmers and others are most respectfully invited to call and examine our stock, or to send in their orders to our address,
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500 Agents Wanted to sell the beautiful PHOTOGRAPH MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES. For terms, send stamp to CRIDER & Bro., Publishers, York, Pa. 29-4t.

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GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS
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Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.
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It is NOT A PHYSIC—It is NOT what is popularly called a BITTERS, nor is it intended as such; but is simply a powerful alterative giving health, vigor and tonic to all the vital forces, and animates and fortifies all weak and lymphatic temperaments.
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Sole Agent for the United States.
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MANUFACTURERS OF HOT AIR ENGINES.

1, 2, and 4 Horse-Power.
No Water Used!
Cannot Explode!
No Insurance demanded!
Not liable to get out of order!
Requires no Skilled Engineer!
Costs to run 25 cents per day per horse power 35-4t

It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.
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9,500 Retailed by one. Wanted agents to sell pictures every where. Whitney & Co. Norwich, Ct. 4w

WELL'S Carbolic TABLET.
FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND HOARSENESS.

These *Tablets* present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG Diseases.

HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the THROAT are immediately relieved, and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of Throat difficulties of years standing.

CAUTION Dont be deceived by worthless imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolic Tablets. Price 25 cts. per Box.
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CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

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VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR RENEWER

RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR, PROMOTES ITS GROWTH! AND IS A SPLENDID DRESSING. TRY ONE BOTTLE AND THICKEN UP THE THIN LOCKS!

Is the only perfected and scientifically prepared preparation of its kind ever offered to the public, and has no competitor in *merit*. By its use GRAY HAIR is soon restored to its original youthful color and brilliancy, which is so much admired by all. Persons whose hair is thin or falling out will, by the use of our Renewer, soon see its good effects, as, by its *tonic* and stimulating properties the hair glands will be incited and the hair grow thick and strong again. In cases of *Baldness* it will create a new growth unless the follicles are destroyed. It is cooling, and allays all itching and irritation of the scalp. It does not stain the skin as do dyes, but makes the scalp white and clean. As a DRESSING it is the best and most economical preparation in the world, as its effects last so much longer. Send for our Treatise on the hair, free to all, by mail.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine
Price one Dollar Per Bottle.
R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors.
LABORATORY, NASHUA, N. H.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

R. B. BARGER.....Proprietor

W. W. BROWN,.....Editor

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Wednesday Morning, Sept'r 20, 1871.

☞A complete file of the Bellefonte Republican may always be found at the offices of GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 and 41 Park Row, New York, who are authorized to represent us in that city.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
DAVID STANTON,
OF BEAVER COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT B. BEATH,
OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

ASSEMBLY.
COL. ROBERT McFARLANE.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
A. J. SWARTZ.
COUNTY TREASURER.
COL. GEO. A. BAYARD.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
S. DURBIN GRAY.
ASSOCIATE JUDGES.
BENJAMIN LIGGET.
D. M. WAGNER.
COUNTY SURVEYOR.
H. P. TRCZIYULNY.
AUDITOR,
JAMES GLENN.

REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen constitute the Union Republican Executive Committee for Centre county the ensuing year:

E. M. BLANCHARD, Chairman, Bellefonte.

DISTRICT.	NAMES.	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte—W. W.	Jas H Rankin,	Bellefonte
" N. W.	And. J Cook,	"
" S. W.	Levi Miller,	"
Milesburg Boro.	Chas Greeno,	Milesburg
Unionville Boro.	Geo Alexander,	Fleming
Howard Boro.	Wm P Lucas,	Howard
Philipsburg Boro.	Geo H Zeigler,	Philipsb'g
Benner,	W. Irwin, Jr	Bellefonte
Boggs,	Jno M Wagner	Milesburg
Burnside,	Geo Michaels,	Pine Glenn
Curtin,	John Daley,	Howard
Ferguson,	Jas Dunlap,	Pine G. Mills
Gregg,	A J Young,	Spring Mills
Halfmoon,	Simon Sellers,	Halfmoon
Haines,	Jas P Coburn,	Aaronsburg
Harris,	Jno S Foster,	Boalsburg
Howard,	D B Pletcher,	Howard
Huston,	J S Thompson	Martha
Liberty,	Wm F Courter	Blanchard
Marion,	Joel Kling, Jr,	Walker
Miles,	Col R Strohecker,	Rebersb'g
Patton,	Wm F Thompson,	Buf'a Run
Penn,	John D Foot,	Millheim
Potter,	James Lingle,	Centre Hall
Rush,	Clark Coan,	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe,	J S Sommerville,	Snowshoe
Spring,	J D Miller,	Pleasant Gap
Taylor,	Thos Dougherty,	Buddville
Union,	Jacob Taylor,	Fleming
Walker,	W W Rodgers,	Nittany
Worth,	Dr Jas Purdue,	Port Matilda

Organize! Organize!—We implore you, friends, to heal up all divisions in our ranks, if any divisions exist, and organize for victory and the redemption of Centre county from Democratic misrule. We can carry the county if you will only determine to do so and work earnestly and energetically to accomplish that desired end. Work, work, organize and work.

"Any Democrat who votes for Geo. "A. Bayard, or any candidate on the "Radical ticket, will vote for a man "who denounced him as a 'traitor,' Re- "bel, 'Copperhead' and the whole list "of dirty epithets used by ignorant "'loyalists' during the war."—Watchman.

Col. Jas. F. Weaver, was a soldier in the late war, a member of the 148th, Centre county's pride, hence a man who fought and denounced Copperheads, Rebels and Traitors. Then in the language of the *Watchman*: Any Democrat who votes for Col. Jas. F. Weaver, the Democratic candidate for Treasurer, will vote for a man who denounced him as a "Traitor," "Rebel," "Copperhead," and the whole list of dirty epithets used by 'ignorant' "loyalists" during the war. According to the "Watchman," James, was an "Ignorant Loyalist," Eh!

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

It is with pleasure that we present to our readers a full Republican ticket this week. In presenting the name of S. D. Gray, Esq., as a candidate for District Attorney on the Republican ticket, we do so, feeling confident that he will command the most hearty and undivided support of every Republican voter in the county, and that he will cut into the ranks of the Democracy right and left.

His consenting to permit his name to be used, after earnest solicitation on the part of his friends and the party, is a signal of success, and augers the fact that a necessary change in that office will take place at the coming election.

Mr. Gray is a young man of several years' successful practice in his profession, is well known in the county, and is in every way well qualified to fill and discharge the duties of said office. He is a native of the county, his character and life most exemplary. There has never been a candidate for office presented to the people of Centre county, who appeals so directly to the honest voters of all parties for support, as does the nomination of Mr. Gray. No one can doubt, but when he casts a vote for S. D. Gray, Esq., he casts it for a man who is most worthy of confidence and trust, and can feel assured that if he be elected to fill the office of District Attorney, that the duties of the office will be faithfully and ably discharged.

Coffins, Caskets and Burial Cases of all kinds and all prices, at O'Bryans cheap Furniture Store, next door to D. M. Wagner's Store.

WOLF GIVES IT UP. TAX-PAYERS TAKE NOTICE.

"The Republican's last reply to Treasurer Wolf is a terribly lame piece of logic. For goodness sake, Brown; if you can't do better than that, quit. You excite our sympathy, and it won't do to pity you until after the election."—"Democratic Watchman."

Treasurer S. S. Wolf, may well and truthfully exclaim "save me from my friends," as the Buchaniers of the "Watchman" and Court House Ring cozened him into an attempted contradiction of his own settlement as County Treasurer, with the Commissioners and County Auditors, and to justify the Commissioners and himself in the dereliction of their duty as custodians of the peoples taxes, in permitting the tax-collectors to retain for some purpose the taxes from 1868 to 1871, while the County Commissioners had borrowed money at 12 per cent interest to pay the ordinary expenses of the County. We pity Treasurer Wolf. We are sorry that he was led into this snare.

Treasurer Wolf is a clever man, and when elected to office, we believe he was honest; but he moved to Bellefonte and fell among the political sharpers of his own party, who initiated him as a blind member of the Ring, and then duped him. He began to have some influence. He aspired to leadership. This did not suit the Ring. Fearing that he might become an ugly political customer, they set about to fool him, and prevailed upon him to appear in print as the champion of the Commissioners, and an indorser for the 'Watchman.' It appears he was either a blind or a willing tool; for they succeeded in getting him to justify the Commissioners in levying the *six mills tax* for 1871. They compell him to say that the *six mills tax* "cannot be considered oppressive taxation for a large and wealthy County like old Centre." This is the only reason given in either of his articles, for taxing the people, and, indeed, it is the only one they could give to cover up their mismanagement of the County funds.

Having succeeded in getting Treasurer Wolf into their clutches, he must go further and stultify himself by contradicting his own account which he had settled with the Auditors, by recklessly signing his name to an assertion that $30,000 of the amount of out-standing taxes, in the hands of the defaulting collectors "is charged to collectors of the County, for the year 1870," when the said S. S. Wolf, as County Treasurer, in the annual settlement of his account on the 2nd of January, 1871, claims a credit, which is allowed to him, of $16,114,73 *for out-standing taxes for the year* 1869 *and previous years*, and claimed not *one cent of credit for the year* 1870.

This bold and disgraceful contradiction of his settled account, if he was sane, and knew what he was doing, which we doubt, and, therefore, to palliate his inconsistancy we stated that, in charity to him, we believed he did not read nor understand the ridiculous position in which his scribes intentionally placed him.

He sees it now and determines to back out. But his wire pullers are not done with him, and to cap the climax of their covert designs on his political preferment, they twist him into a literary punster and critic, and compel him ironically to declare that we use "bad grammar and worse orthography."

This was cruel and really shameful in a christian Country, to be thus fox-pawing Simon, the best in the flock. But the cream of the joke is that Meek and his man Friday, in the last "Watchman," as will be seen at the head of this article, gives S. S. Wolf a parting kick *over our shoulders*, declaring that our copying from the "Watchman," the Auditors Report, used the figures and statement in our reply to Treasurer Wolf's "terrible lame piece of logic." Alas poor Wolf!

Will the tax-payers never see?

HONESTY THE BEST POLICY.

Fred Kurtz "went back" on Meek. Will all other honest Democrats imitate honest Fred? Meek was raised on a farm, this may be seen in the agricultural appearance of his paper. But he understands farming—*farming* the Pennsylvania Legislature. He don't farm on the Greeley principle, but adopts the Tammany mode of irrigation.

We quote from Kurtz in the *Reporter* of August 4th.

"In the house, last session of the legislature on the motion to squander fifty thousand dollars for ventilating the "asylum, Meek voted "yea." Also voted yea at same time to present the "homoepathic doctors of Phila., five "thousand dollars, and with a wink allowed over nine thousand dollars to be "thrown away for law books, etc., for "the state library—in all $65,000 of the "peoples taxes, on these jobs, and took "$500 extra pay. How is that for "economy? See the official *Record*. "Let there be "ventilation."

These are but a few of Meeks jobs; those that have become so glaring and flagrant that even the Democracy are disgusted with him.

He is continually harping upon Republican taxation, Republican fraud and corruption. Does this not prove that he cares not how you may be loaded with taxation?

Fifty thousand dollars of your money and Meek voting "yea."

Five thousand to a private corporation of pill men, and Meek voting "yea."

Nine thousand of your money gone, and Meek winking "yea."

Five hundred or more in his own pocket, with a wink and "yea."

The little twelve hundred dollars in the Beech Creek lumber job, which he knowingly pocketed, was not mentioned, but he held the charter, until this amount for logging it through was duly paid over.

HE FARMS WELL.

Better at it than most of Centre county's farmers. No hard work from dawn 'til dark. No straining of muscle. No pinching poverty to contend with. No bony toil worn hands. No trouble to meet notes and pay taxes.

No, his well fitting city made clothes would not do to *touch* yours. His muscles are not strained much, only in the hand-shaking period now coming on. Notes don't bother him—he pays cash. Meek is one of your high-toned farmers.

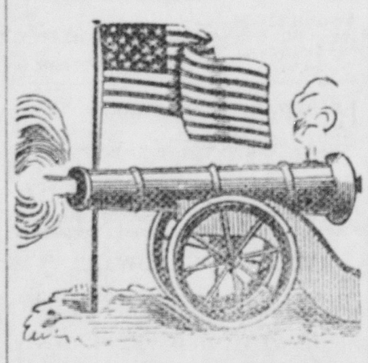
Every intelligent voter in the county, has read the reply of farmer Greeley, to the correspondent who inquired of him as to the exact period to cut "Thistles and Elders." The reply was very much to the point and was a Greeleyism.

The Democracy of Centre, will do well to apply Mr. Greeley's suggestion to Meek Yes! Honest Democrats if you would save your party and punish political tricksters and corruptionists, *cut* Meek. Serve him as Greeley would the "Thistles and Elders."

We suggest as to time, the second Tuesday of October.

The "Watchman" of the 15th inst., urges as a reason why our popular Candidate for Associate Judge, D. M. Wagner, Esq., should not, or cannot be elected, is because, during the war he abused "Copperheads." We would like to ask the "Watchman" and its democratic readers, if Genl. Wm. McCandless,, the Democratic candidate for Auditor General, does not claim to be elected, because he not only abused copperheads at home, but went to the front awhile and shot at them? And did not Col. James F. Weaver, the Democratic Candidate for County Treasurer do the same thing and presents that as an argument in favor of his election? Consistancy thou art a jewel! We think the "Watchman" must be a little muddled.

THE GOLDEN STATE!



HAVE YOU HEARD THE NEWS FROM MAINE?

ALL HONEST AND TRUE!

A Solid Victory!

A REPUBLICAN GOVERNOR—A REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE—A REPUBLICAN U. S. SENATOR!

MAINE FOLLOWS CALIFORNIA!

NO DOUBT ABOUT HER IN 1872!

Sacramento, Sept. 6.—Notwithstanding the odds against them, the Republicans of California have carried the State, defeating the subsidy schemes and monopoly plots of the Democrats, and electing Newton Booth Governor. A fair estimate at this hour puts our majority at five thousand. In San Francisco the Taxpayers' ticket was successful. This is our first real victory for five years.

LATER.

San Francisco, Sept. 7.—The election returns come in slowly. Booth, Republican, for Governor has nearly 3,000 majority in the city, and the entire Republican State Ticket has been elected, by from 5,000 to 6,000 majority. This victory secures us two Congressmen, (a gain of one,) with the 3rd district in doubt, also a United States Senator, in place of Cornelious Cole, who is an ultra Democrat.

From the Evening Mail.

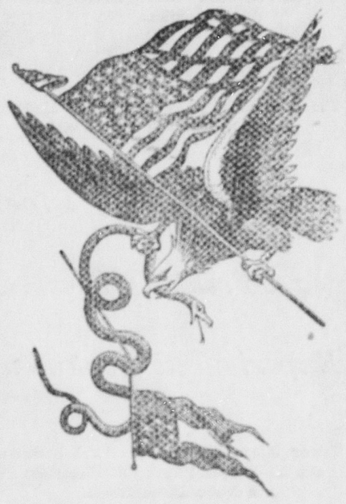
San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 8.—Great satisfaction is manifested here at the result of the recent election, which is conceded on all sides to be a glorious Republican triumph. The Republicans are jubilant over their well-earned success, while the Democratic oracles are silent and despondent. The *Evening Bulletin* (Independent,) after summing up the result, says: The Democrats of California have met their "Sedan."—Their utter discomfiture will have an unfortunate bearing upon the Eastern Fall elections. Fifteen hundred colored men voted for the party that "enfranchised them."

The San Francisco *Examiner* (Democratic organ) makes the following mournful wail: "The election of yesterday is the talk to-day. It seems to be generally conceded that the Radicals have gotten away with us. We are sorry for it, and we are an ill used community."

Compared with Grant's majority, Booth, Republican candidate for Governor, gains 4,000 in ten counties. Solano county, which gave Seymour 73 majority, gave Booth 900. At the last general election, Sacramento gave the Democrats a majority of 464, and now gives Booth (Republican) 700. In San Francisco the Taxpayers' Municipal ticket will carry the city by majorities of from 500 to 1,000.

THE LATEST.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—The Republicans elect all three Congressmen. McGlidu, the Republican candidate for State Harbor Commissioner will probably be defeated, being largely scratched by the Germans.



REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN DELAWARE!

Little Delaware has redeemed herself from Copperheadism. The *Daily Commercial* says:

The vote of yesterday endorses the Republican policy in National affairs; it rebukes the unkind and unfair manner in which the Democratic party of this State have systematically treated the city of Wilmington; it emphatically condemns the combined act of bribery and treachery, which disgraced the City Council last winter, and would have stained the reputation of our city itself, had not the people thus promptly denounced it; it rebukes such partisan jobbery as the Tenth ward division; and it consigns to merited burial the Tammany out-growth of the last eight months, in our city affairs.

The Democrats elected their candidate for President by over six hundred majority. This year the Republican candidate for Treasurer is elected by a majority of 383. The Republican candidate for Treasurer is elected by 525 majority, and the City Assessor (Republican) has 752 majority. The Republicans have also elected a clear majority of three in the City Council, where the Democrats had three majority last year. Glory enough for Little Delaware.

Victory all Around

THE EAST RESPONDS TO THE WEST!

GREAT GAINS IN MAINE!

California Better than First Reported!

Portland, Sept. 11, Midnight.—The returns from one hundred and twenty-eight towns give Perham 30,472 and Kimball 24,045, making the Republican majority 6,427. Last year the same towns gave Perham 28,647 and Roberts 23,265, the Republican majority being 5,382, a Republican net gain of 1,045. The towns to be heard from give an aggregate vote of 44,055 last year and a Republican majority of 3,826, which added to that heard from, will make Perham's majority 10,253. Add the same rates of gain and his majority will reach 11,000. The aggregate vote this year will probably be 103,000 against 98,876 last year. The majority last year was 9,208. Last year the Senate stood twenty-eight Republicans to three Democrats. The House stood 103 Republicans to 38 Democrats.

Augusta, Me., Sept. 11.—The Republicans held an immense meeting this evening to rejoice over their victory in the State, and especially their remarkable triumph in this city. Granite Hall, the largest in the city was packed and the reception of Speaker Blaine was especiallp enthusiastic. When he took the stand to speak a few words of thanks and congratulation, the cheers were deafeaing and prolonged. The Republican majority in this city is nearly three times as great as it ever was before on so full a vote. Thirty-nine towns show a Republican gain of one thousand.

Augusta, Sept. 12.—Indications, derived from a careful footing up of the returns received up till noon to-day, are that Governor Perham's majority will be nearly 11,000. The exact official majority of Governor Perham last year was 8,238. The net Republican gain is, therefore, nearly 3,000 over last year.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The Republican majority in California is 5,400. Houghton, Coughlin and Sargent were elected by large majorities. The Republicans have one majority in the Senate, and the assembly stands fifty-one Republicans, twenty-two Democrats and one Independent.

WYOMING ELECTION!

A REPUBLICAN VICTORY!

Laramie City, Wyoming, Sept. 6.—The latest election returns give the Republicans a majority of two in the Senate, and the Democrats a majority of two in the House. The Republicans are jubilant over the result, claiming the election as a Republican victory and indorsement of Gov. Campbell's administration. The last Legislature was unanimously Democrat. So we go, Democracy on the wane everywhere.

Wyoming Territory "Keeps step to the music of the Union," and wheels into the Republican line. The latest returns give the Republicans a majority of two in the Senate, and the Democrats a majority of two in the House. The Republicans are jubilant over the results, as the last Legislature was unanimously Democratic, claiming the election as a Republican victory, and an endorsement of Gov. Campbell's administration.

Maine Elects a Republican Governor by 11,000 Majority!

The California election held on the 5th inst., was a sweeping Republican victory. The latest news reports the majority at 6,200 Republican against a Democratic majority of 9,000 at the last Governor's election. The Republicans also elect all three Congressmen against only one at the last Congressional election.

The good news from California is now echoed back from Maine. The election held there on the 11th inst. has resulted in a complete victory, electing a Republican Governor by 11,000 majority, a gain of 2,000 over last year. The skies are brightning for '72. Let Pennsylvania awake and join the glorious procession.

Whar's Dat Letter, Mr. Meek?—Sambo all Right—You may well Tremble—The hand Writing on the Wall!

For the Republican.

EXCORIATOR EXCORIATED.

Unionville, Sept. 16, 1871.

Col. W W. Brown; *Dear Sir*:—In glancing over last week's "Watchman," we regret that we could not help reading the article signed D. F. Fortney. Outside of its scurrilous abuse, vile, low and debasing attack upon you, which we will leave you to resent if you deem worth while, and the gross misrepresentation of the truth of its statements in regard to the Republican party, we deem it our duty to give our view, and show the weakness of its own argument, which must be the view taken of it by every honest man, democrat as well as Republican. Were it not for Fortney's official position, as chairman of the Democratic County Committee, and the fact that as such, he launched out in an elaborate address to the people, in which he makes broad and wholesale charges, against the Republican party, that are unfounded and false, and we being a Republican, we would not have deigned to notice and expose the weakness of his letter in the "Watchman," referred to. The high toned gentleman, alias D. F. Fortney, who appears as excoriator, in last weeks 'Watchman,' composes his first paragraph, by copying most of an article taken from the Reading 'Gazette,' published on the first column on the fourth page of last weeks 'Watchman.' It is needless to state that the 'Reading Gazette' is a copperhead sheet, and as unscrupulous and regardless of the truth in its statements as is the 'Watchman." Hence citing or rather copying an article from such a sheet, in proof of the extravagant charges made against the Republican party in Fortney's elaborate address, is about equivalent to admitting the falsity of his charges. The *High-toned gentleman*, alias Fortney, does not deny, hence admits the truth of his Rebersburg liberality, which treat and indulgence, were paid no doubt out of the balance in his hands as tax-collector, due the County Treasury from him. In paragraph 3d, he admits there is the sum of $2,353,04 on his duplicate unaccounted for by him. He says, *out standing taxes*,

He admits that the Government Authorities, as soon as they discovered that Evans, was back with his accounts, did institute proceedings against him. Only Fortney, or Excoriator is mistaken as to the time of the institution of legal proceedings against Evans, which the record shows. In that, he concedes that Republican authorities endeavor at least, to apprehend and punish any of its employes, who criminally betray their trust. But in his case notwithstanding he admits his defalcation of $2,353,04, and which has been known to the Democratic County Commissioners for nearly two years, yet *they have not instituted any legal proceedings, civil or criminal against D. F Fortney*. The difference is this.

Democrats become defaulters, and thus swindle the people out of their money, and Democratic authority conceals it, and protects them in their crime and corruption; while defaulting Republicans are always, exposed, and punished for their crimes, by Republican Authority. But this member of the Y. M. C. A., goes farther.

He justifies his crime of defulcation on the ground that one Evans, a Republican appointee, is supposed to have committed a similar crime, and also on the ground that his (Fortney's) bail, we suppose is equally good. Hence on this Young Christians theory, Evans is perfectly justified, and no more criminal than Fortney. The young man must have been learning a strange theology of late

We submit the case as it stands, to the honest tax-payers of Centre county, and appeal to their intelligent judgment, if Fortney, the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, don't stand convicted by public confession, of being a defaulter, to almost the total amount of his duplicate. Ought not the Law be enforced against him or his bail? We would exhort honest people, beware of such Christians, a Wolf in Sheeps clothing. Respectfully Yours, &c.

Fleming.

The Household for September contains a large variety of articles treating upon nearly every department of domestic life. Among others we notice Household Architecture, by Geo. J. Colby; Furniture: The Fashions; Little Soldier Cap, a story for the children; Echoes from the Poets; About Canning Fruit; Cooking Recipes: Questions and Answers; Dressing for Home; Dancing; etc., etc. This journal is an especial favorite with the ladies, which is a good indication of its merit. Terms, $1 per year. The publishers offer to send six numbers on trial for twenty-five cents, and every lady not already a subscriber will be very likely to try it at this rate. Address, Geo. E. Crowell & Co., Brattleboro, Vt.

Missionaries and others sojourning in foreign lands should not fail to take with them a good supply of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. It is the most reliable medicine for all purposes there is in the world.

Contagious diseases, such as horse ail, glander, &c., may be prevented by the use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders. Persons traveling with horses should take note of this.

Go to the Model Bookstore if you want to be dealt with fairly.

Hon. Russell Errett to the People of Pennsylvania.

UNION REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
LA PIERRE HOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12 1871.

To the Republicans of Pennsylvania:

We tender you our hearty congratulations over the glorious victories recently won by the Republicans of California and Maine. In the former a State has been won, after four years of Democratic misrule, by an overwhelming majority, and in the latter the firm hold of the Republican party upon the people has been maintained with a tenacity that cannot be shaken.

The victory in California has been gained after an arduous and exciting struggle. It is the result of systematic *work*, and it demonstrates the value of organization and well directed political labor. The victory in Maine has been won by keeping up the admirable organizations perfected in past years, under the operation of which the Republican vote has been thoroughly brought out.

Both these victories show to us the value and the necessity of thorough organization. They ought to inspirit us with the most ardent zeal and with a determination to imitate the example so worthily set us. We appeal to you, therefore, while rejoicing over the victories of your brethren elsewhere, to do as they have done, and secure by your systematic labors a victory as complete as theirs.

The steady stream of Republican success, which, setting in with Connecticut, has since flowed on without interruption, must not be checked in its onward flow by a Republican defeat in Pennsylvania. We owe it to our friends in the States which have so gallantly upheld our banner to stand by them, and keep Pennsylvania in the phalanx of Republican States.

We can do this only by cultivating a spirit of union and harmony, keeping up our local organizations actively, and working steadily and with a will to bring out every Republican vote. Everything depends upon organization and work.

Our intelligence from all parts of the State is cheering and encouraging. All that is wanted now is a little close attention to the details of local organization. No political victory was ever won without attention to these details; and we rely upon your spirit, energy, and zeal to carry them out sytematically and render them effective.

Let the Republicans of the State be true to themselves and to their cause, stand firmly by their State nominees and local tickets, and put their ward and township committees into vigilant activity, and we shall be able to send back to Maine and California, and their sister Republican States a response as cheerful and gladdening as their messages of triumph have been to us.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.
WM. ELLIOTT,
EZRA LUKENS,
D. F. HOUSTON,
P. M. LYTLE, Secretaries.

Post the Books!

REPUBLICANS OF PENNSYLVANIA LOOK AT THIS.

DEMOCRATIC STATES THAT HAVE VOTED, AND GIVEN REPUBLICAN MAJORITIES:

COLORADO!
WYOMING!
CALIFORNIA!
CONNECTICUT!
NORTH CAROLINA!
NEW MEXICO!

ELECTION IN REPUBLICAN STATES:

MAINE, glorious Maine, is the only Republican State in which an election has been held this fall, and the Republican ticket has been elected by a majority of ELEVEN THOUSAND, a gain of three thousand since the election last year.

ANOTHER DEMOCRATIC CITY REDEEMED!

WILMINGTON, in the dark State of Delaware, where a white man who takes a glass too much, is publicly whipped at the whipping post, has shaken off her Democratic shackles and redeemed herself by the election of the entire REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ONLY ONE STATE DEMOCRATIC!

Kentucky! *Oh! rebel Kentucky!* where Union soldiers were assassinated, is the only Democratic State that has elected a rebel Governor, and his majority has been reduced from 69,000 to about 38,000. This is the only Democratic victory in 1871.

LOOK AT THE RESULT.

Republican States for President in 1872, which were formerly Democratic:

Colorado!
Wyoming!
California!
Connecticut!
North Carolina!
New Mexico!

And last, but not least,

Delaware!

DEMOCRATIC STATES IN 1872.

KENTUCKY, *of Rebel Notoriety.*

No Republican State has faltered, but all are true and loyal to the cause.

Republicans of Pennsylvania, remember this!—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the residence of the subscriber residing in Furguson tp., Five stray Sheep, without any marks. They have been entered in the Book of the township clerk according to Law. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be desposed of according to law.

v3n373t E. GATES.

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MODEL BOOK STORE! RANKIN, MODEL BOOK STORE!

MODEL BOOK STORE!

JNO. I. RANKIN,

Proprietor.

Go there and Buy Beecher's Life of "JESUS THE CHRIST."

Go there and Buy Beecher's Life of "JESUS THE CHRIST."

Go there and Buy Beecher's Life of "JESUS THE CHRIST."

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COMPLETE.

JNO. I. RANKIN,

OPPOSITE

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3-19 6m

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Bromo Chloralum,

NON-POISONOUS, ODEOLELS, POWERFUL

DEODORIZER & DISENFECTANT.

ENTIRELY HARMLESS AND SAFE.
ARRESTS AND PREVENTS CONTAGION.

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A specific in all contagious and pestilential diseases, as cholera, typhoid fever, ship fever, small-pox, scarlet fever, measles, diseases of animals, &c. Prepared only by
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GRAND GIFT CONCERT and Distribution for the benefit of the

FOUNDLING ASYLUM OF

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Or, P. C. DEVLIN, General Agent,
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Hon. H. McCULLOUGH, Elkton, } Com'rs.
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Hon. J. S. NEGLEY, Pittsburg, Trustee.

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Each Case containing One Bottle of
Old PALE BRANDY, | HOLLAND GIN,
Old RYE WHISKEY, | Old PALE SHERRY
FINE OLD PORT, | OLD BOURBON.
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COUNSELS ON THE NATURE AND HYGIENE OF THE MASCULINE. By Dr. Napheys, author of "*The Physical Life of Women.*" It relates to *the male sex*; is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly. Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory. Terms liberal. Price $2. Address for contents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. v3n36-4t.

FREE FOR ONE MONTH TO ALL who ask for it; 75c. to Jan., '72; $1,50 to July, '72; $2,50 to '73. THE METHODIST. Every week a Lecture Room Talk by Beecher; Sermon or article by Talmage, *(second only to Beecher in popularity)*, Mrs. Willing's Great Serial Story exposing secret workings of Romanism in America, and much other good reading. G. HALSTEED 114 Nassau st., N. Y. 36-4t.

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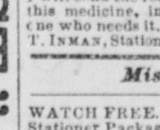
FOR something interesting, send your address to GEO. W. GATES, Frankfo t, N. Y. [36

The **CONGRESS ARCTIC.**



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WATCH FREE. Prize Candy-boxes, Prize Stationer Packages, Cheap Jewelry, &c., &c. Silver Watches given gratis to every agent $20 per day made selling our goods at Country Fairs and Political Meetin s. Send for Circular. Add. MONROE, KENNEDY & Co. PITTSB'GH PA. 35-4t

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The new book, GOD REASON AND SCIENCE; or, The Landmarks of Truth, is highly commended by all denominations and sells rapidly. Agents should secure a choice of field, at once. Send for terms, and see Extra Inducements. FRANKLIN PUBLISHING CO., 712 Chestnut St., Philadelphia 35-4t

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A well selected stock of Anthracite Coal constantly on hand, which is stored in a First-class Coal Shed, and which is kept dry during all seasons of the year. All sizes are

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under our personal supervision. No pains will be spared to render satisfaction as to

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PRICES ALWAYS AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

Having a Wharf at Lock Haven, where we transfer Coal from boats to cars, we are prepared to furnish coal in car loads at lowest prices. Plaster, Pig Iron, &c., by boat, transferred to cars with dispatch at reasonable rates.

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The MARSH HARVESTER, on which the binders ride—two men do the work of five—Reaps 5 feet.

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The BUCKEYE MOWER, No. 2, mows 4 ft. 1 in.
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" REAPER & MOWER, Nos. 1 & 2. Same as above, with dropping attachment.
" REAPER & MOWER, No. 2. Self Raker. Mows 4 ft. 8 inches. Reaps 5 ft. 4 in.
" REAPER & MOWER, No. 1, Self-Raker. Mows 4 ft. 8 inches. Reaps 6 ft.

The HOOSIER GRAIN DRILL.

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TELEGRAPH FODDER CUTTER 2 sizes.

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JOHN BRECHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of Mattrasses, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads, &c. A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will always be found at low prices. v2n22-1y.

FURNITURE WARE ROOM.

Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa.,
WHERE BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
STANDS,
CHAIRS,
STOOLS, &C.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v3n1-1y. H. P. HARRIS.

NEW FURNITURE STORE.

BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

A. SCHROYER & SON,

formerly of Lock Haven, would inform the citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county, that they have opened,

FURNITURE WARE ROOMS

in that part of the Bush House, formerly occupied by O'Bryan & Williams, where they manufacture and keep for sale all kinds of

BUREAUS, SOFAS, LOUNGES, HAT RACKS,

WHAT NOTS, EXTENSION TABLES,

STANDS, CHAIRS, STOOLS, BED

STEADS &c.,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, QUALITY AND PRICE,

which they will sell cheaper than any other establishment in this part of the State.

FROM A LONG EXPERIENCE IN

THE BUSINESS, AND STRICT

ATTENTION

to the wants of the public, they flatter themselves that they can give entire satisfaction to all who favor them with a call.
v3n2-1y. A. SCHROYER & SON.

THE GREAT MAGICAL HAIR FORCER! Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache in from two to three months, on any person over 12 years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow, that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it—it is no humbug. Price 35 cents per bottle, or four for $1. Sent by mail, post-paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address, WM. C. WAGNER, Arendsville, Adams co., Pa. v3-33-1y.

Medical.

LINN & WILSON'S DRUG STORE.

(Successors to F. S. Wilson, deceased.)

Next door to Irwin & Wilson's, Hardware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

The subscriber respectfully announces to his numerous acquaintances and the public in general that he has removed his

DRUG AND MEDICINE STORE,

to the corner room of Brokerhoff's new building on the Diamond, where he has constantly on hand, a large stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS,

Perfumery, Dyestuffs, Glass,

INSTRUMENTS, VARNISH, TURPENTINE,

Linseed Oil, Coal Oil, Lamps, Chimneys Brushes, Hair Oil, Extracts, Toilet Soaps, Tobacco, Segars, &c., &c.

Also a variety of fancy articles too numerous to mention, which he offers at low rates, and warrants the qualities of the articles as represented. Purchasers will please remember this, and examine the qualities and prices of his goods before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Receipes carefully compounded at all hours of the day or night, by calling at his store opposite Reynolds' Bank.

The most celebrated and popular

PATENT MEDICINES.

are kept constantly on hand and for sale.
LINN & WILSON.
ja4'71.1y.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes. Also

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly persons to Use

VINEYARDS NEW JERSEY.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS justly celebrated Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

TONIC & STRENGTHENING PROPERTIES

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect, A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

INVALIDS use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE
FEMALES use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE
WEAKLY PEPSONS FIND A BENEFIT BY 1ST USE.

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Sold by Druggists generally, who also sell Speer's Standard Wine Bitters. Trade supplied by all wholesale Dealers. See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

A. SPEER'S Vineyard, New Jersey. Office, No. 148 Chambers street, New York.

For sale in BELLEFONTE, PA.

BY FRANK P. GREEN
v3n14 6m.

Miscellaneous.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of Barbara Pletcher, late of Liberty twp., dec'd., were granted to the undersigned on the 16th day of Aug't 1871, who requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them for settlement.
EMANUEL PLETCHER. Adm'r,
33-6t* Howard, Centre co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Austin Curtin, late of Boggs township, dec'd., were granted to the undersigned on the 25th day of August 1871, who requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them for settlement,

PETER C. JOHNSON, } Adm'rs.
JOHN CURTIN, }
Roland,
n24-6t. Centre County, Pa.

ORPHANS COURT SALE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, duly enlarged on the 30th of August last, and to the undersigned directed there will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises in Boalsburg, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10th, 1871,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following described Real Estate, late of David Ross, dec'd., situate in Boalsburg and described as follows:

Beginning at corner of David Keller's lot on Pitt Street, and running Westward four perches to corner of lot owned by H. M. Pratt; thence Northward 10 perches to Rockey's Alley; thence Eastward 4 perches to Keller's lot; thence southward 10 perches to Pitt Street to place of beginning, containing

1-4 OF AN ACRE,

having thereon erected

A 2-Story Dwelling house

AND

OTHER OUT-BUILDINGS!

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half the purchase money on confirmation of Sale, and the residue in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage. J. T. ROSS,
G. W. CAMPBELL,
36-3t Executors, &c.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre County, there will be exposed to Public Sale, the following Real Estate, the Property of John Baily, late of Ferguson township, deceased, on

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER, 29th, 1871,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Geo. Y. Meek; on the east by lands of Jacob Kepler: on the south by lands of Jacob Erb, and on the west by lands of Rebecca Cooper, containing

138 ACRES?

more or less. There are good buildings and running water at both the house and barn. Also two good orchards on the place.

Sale to commence precisely at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

TERMS:—One half of purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year thereafter with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
ROBT. GORDEN, Auct'r. S. & J. BAILEY,
n35-3t. Administrators.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte, Pa., by

R. B. BARGER & CO.,

at the following rates:

One year in advance,.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..3.00

It is Republican in politics—devoted to the Agricultural, Manufacturing and Mining interests of Central Pennsylvania.

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts., per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts., per line for each insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding 6 lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

Advertisements of 10 lines, or less, $1,00 for 1 insertion, and 5 cts., per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	65 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes, Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to R. B. BARGER & Co., Publishers, Bellefonte, Pa

WHAT HE WOULD DO WITH THE COLORED VOTER.

The critic asks what is to be done with the negro after the 14th and 15th amendments have been got rid of. Mr. Stephens responds:

"We mean to do with the black population just as with any other class of the population in the country—that is, lease their status—their rights, civil and political—with the States wherein they reside respectively. As to suffrage and what extent of civil or political rights shall be extended to this class of population, these are questions for each State to determine for itself. Congress has no more rightful control over them than over woman suffrage, Indian suffrage, or the civil or political rights of any other class of population in the respective States. This is our view of this subject briefly given."

That is to say, Mr. Stephens will turn their rights and liberties to the keeping of a people whose infamous record is written in the bloody deviltries of the Ku-Klux-Klan, whose ideas of justice are in an inverse ratio to the real thing, as manifested in the cunningly devised laws embodied in the Johnsonized legislation of 1865-66, which Mr. Stephens undoubtedly approves. The only difference between Mr. Stephens and the "New Departure" advocates, is that he brings his "ball and chain" openly in the sight of all, and they veil it with lying euphemirals, stealing our robes to wrap it up withall.

Hear what Mr. Stephens says on Vallandigham's platform. Accused of assailing that leader the Georgia pundit responds:

"But we have not said that Mr. Vallandigham's Dayton Resolution on the subject of the new Amendments was 'false.' That Resolution simply declared these Amendments to be 'defacto' parts of the organic law, and by no means affirmed that they were dejure or rightfully so. It was the Pennsylvania Harrisburg Convention which declared that they were rightful parts of the Constitution, having become so 'in the manner and by the authority constitutionally appointed.' This is the statement which we said contained a great untruth!"

After praising his dead party associate, Mr. Stephens says further:

"Still we did not approve his Dayton 'manifesto' modified as it was and resorted to as it most probably was, as a political strategic movement, partly as a blind to the enemy, and partly as a flank manœuvre against the real 'New Departure' pronunciamento, concocted in New York, and proclaimed in the 9th Resolution of the Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, Convention."

He closes these articles, as we do this review, by asking:

"Do the editors really think that the Democracy of the United States are, in their next general Convention, going to adopt as their creed what a few trimmers and tricksters in their ranks in Pennsylvania have set forth as their programme of action in 1872?"

We answer for ourselves, though not inside of Democratic councils, that it is not at all probable. "Ball and chain" may be concealed under the Vallandigham cheat, but it is not likely to be disguised by the other bolder, but even more dangerous proposition adopted at Harrisburg. They all mean the same thing. The difference is, perhaps, that those who favor the "New Departure" are somewhat convicted of sin in their past careers, while Mr. Stephens and his allies are as unblushing supporters of political infamy as the thugs are of number.

THERE is something very sensible in the impromptu remark of a pretty girl not a thousand miles from Boston:—"If our Maker thought it wrong for Adam to live single when there was not a woman on earth, how criminally guilty are the old bachelors, with the world full of pretty girls."

A trade that never fails—No miller need ever be out of employment for he can always grind his teeth.

Stain of Ancestry—A Son of Aaron Burr Living in Ohio.

A son of Aaron Burr, now an old man, is said to be living in Piqua, Ohio. His mother, in 1800, was a well known belle in Washington city. She was noted for her beauty, refinement and wit, but her sudden disappearance from the gay capital created a great deal of talk, and after this event she was dead to all the world save her destroyer and her son. A correspondent of the Miami county *Democrat*, who reveals the existence of this son, says:

Mr.——saw his father but twice—once, after his acquittal before the Supreme Courts of the United States at Richmond, when he was tried for treason, the second and last time in the latter part of 1835, in New York. Upon this latter occasion our old citizen was recognized by Burr. He was then aged—bowed to the earth with the great weight of four score years and a broken heart. Disease also racked his frame. Thirty years before, his only daughter had sailed from Charleston, South Carolina, to meet him, but the vessel in which she embarked was never heard from, and the blow nearly crushed Burr's life.—"Sir," said the old man, "although the blood of Aaron Burr runs through my veins, I detest it. He conspired against the best government on the face of God's footstool, and I am the offspring of a traitor. I tried to redeem my birth by fighting for my country in the Florida war; but the odium rankles in my heart, and little does the Government suspect that it pays a pension to the son of Aaron Burr." When I asked him if I might publish his existence, he said: "Yes. It will do me no harm; but for heaven's sake point not out the place of my retirement to the gaping world. Stigmatize my father as you please, but speak kindly, I pray thee, of my gentle and erring mother, who is in heaven waiting for her son. I am on the borders of three score and ten," he continued, with moistening eyes. "I want to cross the river where the stain of ancestry will never corrode a name." I have not mentioned the old man's name. Without his consent it never passes my lips.

Happy Homes.

The homes of people are the landmarks of civilization. They are a standard by which we may meet their moral and social greatness. What is a nation but a large family, possessing rights and duties, interests and privliges? The influence of each member of that family, for good or evil, is reciprocal. As the shock of electricity vibrates and expands, so the influence of the human action is diffused from the centre to the circumference of human society. Hence how cold that heart must be which does not beat more quickly at the mention of the world! What delightful associations and recollections are connected with that sacred spot. It is here that the virtues and charities, the blessings and realities of human life are enjoyed. Here the sympathies of the heart and affections of the mind are nourished and developed, and all that is good and great in our nature is brought to maturity.

ORIGIN OF THE PENNY PAPER.—Thirty-seven years ago two journeymen printers started the New York *Sun* writing and setting up their own editorials. They issued seven hundred copies daily, which they sold to newsboys at sixty-two and a half cents a hundred, and the boys re-sold them at one cent each. They worked off the edition with their own hands on an old Ramage press. As the circulation increased, they bought a Napier press; and finally a steam press. One of the partners sold out his share for ten thousand dollars, and became a lawyer and a member of Congress in the West. Penny papers soon became a power in the land, and their circulation immense. In some of our cities they have built palaces for themselves, and made millionaires of their proprietors.

THE POPULATION OF NEW YORK.—At the present time the nationality of the citizens of New York is a matter of considerable interest. According to the detailed census reports, the population is divided almost equally between the native born and the foreign elements. There are 510,553 native white citizens, and 418,646 of foreign birth; difference, 91,907. The Irish number 202,000; the Germans (grouping those who are returned as being natives of Prussia, Austria, Germany proper, Hesse, Hanover, &c.,) number 153,934, or about 48,000 less than the natives of Ireland. There are 27,000 Italians, 2,400 Canadians, 7,500 South Americans, 388 West Indians, 2,100 Swiss and 8,000 French men.

Medical.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Grey Hair to its natural Vitality & Color.

A dress which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Fresh or gray hair is restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparation dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.
Lowell, Mass.
PRICE $1,00.
v3-n21-1y.

SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR.
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

HAVE PROVED, FROM THE MOST AMPLE experience, an entire success; Simple—Prompt—Efficient and Reliable. They are the Best Family Medicines in use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have received the highest commendation from the thousands who have long used and known them, and will always render satisfaction to those who try them.

No.	Cures	Price in Boxes.	Cents
1.	"Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations		25
2.	"Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic		25
3.	"Crying-Colic or Teething of Infants		25
4.	"Diarrhœa of Children or Adults		25
5.	"Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic		25
6.	"Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting		25
7.	"Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis		25
8.	"Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache		25
9.	"Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo		25
10.	"Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach		25
11.	"Suppressed or Irregular Periods		25
12.	"Whites, too Profuse Periods		25
13.	"Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing		25
14.	"Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas		25
15.	"Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains		25
16.	"Fever & Ague, Chill Fever, Agues		50
17.	"Piles, Blind or Bleeding		50
18.	"Opthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes		50
19.	"Catarrh, acute or chronic, Influenza		50
20.	"Whooping-cough, violent coughs		50
21.	"Asthma, oppressed Breathing		50
22.	"Ear Discharges, impaired hearing		50
23.	"Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings		50
24.	"General Debility, Physical Weakness		50
25.	"Dropsy and Scanty Secretions		50
26.	"Sea Sickness, Sickness from Riding		50
27.	"Kidney Disease, Gravel		50
28.	"Nervous Debility, Involuntary Seminal Discharges		1 00
29.	"Sore Mouth, Canker		50
30.	"Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed		50
31.	"Painful Periods, Hysteria		50
32.	"Sufferings at Change of Life		1 00
33.	"Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus Dance		1 00
34.	"Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat. Price in vials, large size		50 and 1 00

FAMILY CASES, in Morocco, with
35 large 3 dram vials, containing the above list, with book of directions complete, $10 00
20 " " " " 6 00
20 " in paper case, with book 5 00

VETERINARY SPECIFICS.
Case of 10 1-oz. vials, in fluid, 100 doses each, with manual of directions, giving full account of all diseases of **Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Hogs**, with full directions for use, in neat walnut case, complete.....$10 00

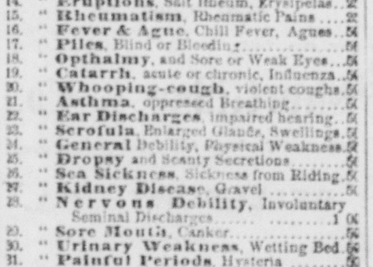
POND'S EXTRACT,
Cures Piles, Neuralgia, Toothache, Bleeding of the Lungs, Stomach, Nose or other Organs, Burns, Bruises, Lameness, Sprains, Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Boils, Corns, Ulcers, Old Sores. The Best Family Medicine known.
Price, 6-oz. 50c., Pints $1 00, Quarts $1 75.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

If your druggist is out of any of the Remedies, they will be sent by mail or express, by the case or single box, free of expense on receipt of price: excepting POND'S EXTRACT and the VETERINARY SPECIFICS, which being liquids, must be sent by express. On these express charges will not be paid, unless in quantities of $5.00 and upwards.

Address Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Company
Office and depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, New York.
A full assortment of the above for sale in Bellefonte, by F. P. GREEN. v8n4-1y

THE
Novelty Clothes Wringer.



Nothing, except the Sewing Machine, has ever been invented which so much relieves the labor of the household as the Wringer. But its usefulness does not end here. The saving of clothing is of much greater importance. It is often remarked that articles of fine texture, last twice as long when *wrung* in a Wringer as when wrung by hand. The NOVELTY has Cog-wheels on both ends. * * The rolls are allowed to separate freely at either end. These, besides other advantages which it contains, seem to be indispensable to a practical wringer.—*New York Independent.*

The Novelty Wringer.—Has become an indispensable institution in thousands of families. And we believe its great and increasing popularity is fully merited—for the Novelty evidently possesses all the requisites of a first-class, practical machine. Indeed, after using one for many months in our own family, we are prepared to indorse the Novelty as unsurpassed (the laundress says *unequaled*,) by any of the several wringers previously tried. *Moore's Rural New-Yorker*
Sold everywhere. N. B. PHELPS & CO.
35-4t Gen. Agts. 102 Chambers St. N. Y.

I. L Cragin & Co. | *Soap, &c.*

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC SOAP!
THE BEST IN THE WORLD,

STRICTLY PURE,

NO SAND, NO ROSIN, NO CLAY,
NO ADULTERATION OF ANY KIND.
CHILDREN can do the WASHING,
NO WASHBOARD REQUIRED.
NO BOILING NEEDED.

By the use of the Unequaled and Unapproachable
DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP,
CLOTHES, MONEY, FUEL, LABOR, TIME AND TEMPER,
ALL ARE SAVED.

Try it and use it ever afterward.
EVERY GROCER SELLS IT.
EVERY FAMILY USES IT.
NONE CAN DO WITHOUT IT.

Be sure that the wrapper has on it the cut of Mrs. Fogy and Mrs. Enterprise, and that each bar, is stamped with the name of the inventor and originator, J. B. DOBBINS, as none other is genuine.

Like everything of great value, it is extensively counterfeited, and the market filled with false and worthless Electric Soaps, none worth house-room, and dear even if given away

The finest American Toilet Soap, fully equal to the French, made by a French soapmaker in the same manner as the French soaps are made, and sold at one-fourth their price, is

DOBBINS'
TRIPLE SCENTED TOILET SOAP.

No Toilet Table is complete without it.
The Best Emollient in the Market.

It is given the preference at every watering place in the country, and is for sale everywhere.

PLEASE ASK FOR IT.

Don't be put off with any cheap common soap. Try it, and see how much BETTER it is than we say.

The only Boot Polish that will produce a Brilliant and Lasting Shine, and at the same time preserve the Leather, is

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC BOOT POLISH

MAKES BOOTS LOOK LIKE NEW ONES
AND CALF-SKIN LIKE PATENT LEATHER.

It is put up in a Patent Box, the greatest novelty of the age. The Box alone is worth more to keep than the price of Box and Polish combined.

"KRUGHAT,"

The Genuine TURKISH BATH COMPOUND, used in all Oriental countries, in the bath, and manufactured by us on a license and royalty, in exact style, odor and quality from the original receipt, as that made in Constantinople, and import duties, premium on gold, etc., saved thus enabling us to sell it at a very low price. By its use a bath becomes indeed a luxury. Very highly scented, and producing miraculous effects upon the skin. It is really worth a trial.

If you want to enjoy life and drive away dull care, use for your Clothes
DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC SOAP.

Use for your person
DOBBINS'
TRIPLE SCENTED TOILET SOAP.

Use for your Boots
DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC BOOT POLISH.

Use in the Bath
"KRUGHAT."

And subscribe for the "ELECTRIC MESSENGER," a Beautiful Fashion Paper, sent FREE to all who will send their names to the Sole Proprietors,

I. L. CRAGIN & CO.,
119 South Fourth St., Philadelphia,
102 Barclay St., New York,
144 State St., Boston.

THESE GOODS ARE FOR SALE AT
RHULE & GAULT'S
FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE,
ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Where you can buy the best Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Spices, Syrups, Flour and everything usually kept in a well arranged Grocery, at reduced prices.
v2n39ly.

Medical.

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S C LIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.
Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor, R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
v4n31-1y

ROSADALIS!

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is *not* a secret preparation, consequently

PHYSICIANS PRSCRIBE IT

It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.

1 Bottle of Rosadalis

will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.

THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS

have used Rasodalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.

DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. BOYKIN, "
DR. W. CARR, "
DR. F. O. DANNALLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. L. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. B. NOBLES, Edgecomb, N.

USED AND ENDORSED BY
J. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
F. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
A. F. WHEELER, Lima, Ohio.
B. HALL, Lima, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Gordonsville, Va.
SAM'L. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in relation to the virtues of Rosadalis. To the Medical Profession we guarantee a Fluid Extract superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased Blood; and to the afflicted, we say, try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists. Price $1,50 per bottle. Address

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists,
v8n31-1y BALTIMORE, MD.

PROPOSED
AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION
Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

JAMES H. WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the fifteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.
F. JORDAN.
Secretary of the Commodwealth.
Office Secretary of the Commonwealth, Harrisburg, June 8th, 1871.
28-t-oct.-10.

Daddy's Boy.

In a certain small town on the Mississippi lived a man who made horse-trading a business. He bought up horses fo a city market, and was considered pretty good on a trade. One day a long' le n, queer, green-looking specimen of the western country, arrived at the dock with a boat load of horses. He inquired for the horse jockey.

"Daddy sent me down with some horses," he said, in a half-idiotic tone.

"Who's he?"

"Daddy."

"What do you want for your horses?"

"Daddy said you could set your price," was the reply.

"Let me go down and look at your horses," said Brown, and accordingly they were soon on the boat.

Brown examined the horses, and named the price he would give for this one and that, and the country bunkin made no objections, although some of the offers were not more than one half of the real value of the animal. One of the bystanders gently suggested to the countryman that he was being cheated, but he returne

"Daddy said Brown would set the price himself," and so Brown had it all his own way.

At last they came to an animal which did not look much superior to the rest.

"I must have more for that anermal," said he, "daddy says he can run some."

"Run!" said Brown, "that nag can't run worth a cent."

"Daddy says so, and daddy knows."

"Why, I've got one up at the stables that can beat it all hollow."

"Guess not," said the fellow, "Let's try 'em. I'll bet the whole boat-load of horses on 'em."

Brown smiled.

"I'll stake five thousand dollars against your boat-load," said Brown, winking to the crowd, "and these men," selecting two, "shall hold the stakes."

Brown's five thousand was entrusted to one, and the other went on board the horse-boat.

One of the crowd started to remonstrate with the poor idiotic fellow. but he only responded.

"Golly! dad told me he could run some, and daddy ought to lose 'em if he was such a tarnal fool to tell me that when he couldn't."

Brown's sleek racer was brought down, and Brown mounted him. The countryman led out his animal and climbed on his back, looking as uncouth and awkward as the horse he proposed to ride.

The word was given, and they started amid the laughter of the crowd. At first Brown was ahead, and it looked as though the poor fellow was to be badly beaten, when his horse suddenly plunged forward and the jocky was left far behind. Such going had not been seen in those parts for a long time, and poor Brown was crestfallen, as the cheers of the bystanders fell on his ears.

"I'll take the spondulix," said the countryman, riding up, "dad was right. The anermal can get around a little."

Brown tried to say it was all a joke, but the fellow would have his money.

"I guess I won't trade to-day," he said, as he put it in his old, rough leather pocket-book. "I'll go back to daddy."

In vain Brown tried to induce him to trade, but he pushed off his boat resolutely saying. "I'd better go back and tell daddy."

Brown was completely "sold," for he knew at once that the green countryman was shrewder than people imagined him, and just came there purposely to win his money from him. Next time he did'nt ridicule a horse that "daddy said could run some."

YOUR attention is also directed to the following Act of Assembly, regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority or the same,—That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, Borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter required to vote by tickets, written or printed, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified, as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and to be labelled outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, labelled, "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all County officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and be labelled, "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all Township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all Borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

It is important that this law should be strictly followed.

NEVER.—Never throw a stone at any one until you have looked to see whether there is a window behind, or you may have to pay rather dearly for your revenge. Never leave your hat in the passage, unless it is a bad one. Never be executor to a will, as it is all liability, great trouble, and no profit. Never quarrel with your wife, as you will only have to make it up and pay for reconciliation. Never mention that you have received a legacy, or some impertinent fellow will be asking you to stand a dinner. Never pay to see a ballooon go up, as you can see it much better by remaining outside.

A schoolmaster's maxim—boys must be separated from vicious habits as grain from chaff—by threshing.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BELLEFONTE MEAT MARKET,

BISHOP STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

The oldest Meat Market in Bellefonte. Choice meat of all kinds always on hand.

v3n1-tf B. V. BLACK.

F. P. GREENE, DEALER IN

SEWING MACHINES,

PIANOS, ORGANS, MELODEONS,

SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS

SPOOL COTTON,

and Sewing Silk, Mrs. Irwin's building Allegheny street, Bellefonte. v3n17-1y.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., whe.e he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solitious of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD.

v3n28-1y.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST.

BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,

Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians pres riptions, and family recipes. v3n7-1y.

LOSES LIVERY STABLE.

The undesigned having entered into partnership in the Livery business, under the firm name of Isaac Lose & Son, adopt this method of informing the people of Bellefonte, and the public generally, that they will carry on the business in the Burnside stable. It is their determination to keep the very best

HORSES, BUGGIES & CARIAGES,

and to hire them out at the most reasonable rates. Thankful for the kindness and favor they have received from the community in the past, they will make it their chief object to merit the continuance of the same.

apr14.'70-1y. ISAAC LOSE. GEO. A. LOSE.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
BOOTS & SHOES,

AT JOHN POWERS' STORE,
AT JOHN POWERS' STORE,
AT JOHN POWERS' STORE,

OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,
OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE.

All persons wanting

BOOTS AND SHOES

should ca'l at once. Remember,

JOHN POWERS

makes good all he says.

v3n32-1y.

REMOVAL.

THEO. DESCHNER, GUNSMITH.

Has removed to the Storeroom, known as No. 5, Bush's Arcade, next to Zimmerman Bro's & Co's Store. A complete stock of

REVOLVERS, GUNS, FISHING TACKLE. KEYS, AMMUNITION, BASE BALLS; BATS, & GENERAL

SPORTING GOODS

Just opening out.

Guns made to order, and repaired and warranted. aug11 70-1y

BLACKSMITHING?

THE undersigned, (a first class blacksmith) has built a shop on Bishop St., near the Cummings House where he is prepared to do

ALL KINDS OF BLACKSMITHING,

such as

SHOEING HORSES, IRONING WAGONS, BUGGIES, CARTS &C.,

also FURNACE AND FORGE TWEERS made to order on short notice. Horses that INTERFERE, or are KNEE SPRUNG he pledges himself to cure.

The undersigned and A. Sternberg have a Hay Fork invented by the former which is pronounced the very best fork in use. Farmers are requested to call at his shop and examine it. State, county and township rights for sale.

v3n29-3m. DANIEL SMITH, Bellefonte. Pa.

GOOD LIQUORS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

AT

A. BAUM'S

FIRST-CLASS

LIQUOR STORE,

BISHOP ST., BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Mr. Baum adopts this method of thanking his numerous customers for past favors, and assuring them that he has now on hand a large and choice variety of liquors of all kinds, at the lowest market price. Send in your orders. (3-34-1y

MILESBURG CARRIAGE WORKS.

SHIRER & WILLIAMS,

MILESBURG, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA.,

Manufacturers of

LIGHT CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS & SLEIGHS.

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

All work done at

SHORT NOTICE, and WARRANTED

to give entire satisfaction.

v2n23-1y.

Excelsior Shaving Saloon!

J. D. Turner's Brick Building, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Penn'a.

A PROCLAMATION.

TO ALL MEN TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY COME.—I, W. H. GOODEN, Grand Sultan of all the Barbers of the Keystone State, do hereby proclaim and make known to ALL People, that I have fitted up my Palace in the neatest manner for the reception, of my loyal subjects, where I will be at all times ready to give them a *cutting* reception, and completely divest their physiognomy of nature's unseemly productions. And, FURTHER, I also proclaim that I clean clothes of every description, removing all stains whether made by grease or otherwise.

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of my Razor and Scissors, at the Palace, in the year of Blue Beards, 1871.

W. H. GOODEN, Grand Sultan.
GENTZEL SHAVER, Secretary. 3-25-y.

FOUNDRIES, &c.

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style.

Thimble SKEINS

of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.

Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,

made to order. [3-29-1y] J. M. GREEN.

WM. P. DUNCAN,

BELLEFONTE PA.

FOUNDER & MACHINIST.

MANUFACTURER OF

Steam Engines,

TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v2n46-1y.

LOGAN FOUNDRY,

NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make

HOUSE CASTINGS,

such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates, &c., of all sizes.

Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled

Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every

VARIETY OF CASTINGS,

kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.

v3n1-1y. GEO. A. BAYARD.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE OLDEST

TIN-WARE ESTABLISHMEET.

IN BELLEFONTE, PA.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of his many patrons, and the entire people of Centre county, that he manufactures

TIN & SHEET IRON WARE

cheaper, and on a larger scale than ever.

He keeps constantly for sale,

Tin Buckets, Wash Boilers,
Coffee Boilers, Fruit Cans,
Dish Pans, Lard Cans,
Wash basins, Coal Oil Cans,

Stove Pipe from the best Russia, and other iron constantly on hand.

Proticular attention paid to

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

All work warranted. Give us a call.

v2n1-y. WM. S. WOLF, Allegheny Street.

Segars and Tobacco.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

SAMUEL LIPTON.

Dealers in

Cigars, Tobacco,

PIPES, &c.,

BROWN'S NEW BUILDING.

Corner of Allegheny and Bishop Streets,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Best Cigars and Tobacco always on hand. Call in and try them. Finest and most delicious brands.

v3n16-1y. SAMUEL LIPTON & CO.

COAL.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the

MOST REASONABLE PRICES!

Our Coal is of the very

BEST IN THE MARKET!

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.

All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.

3-29-1y ALEXANDER & CO.

WHITE FISH, Herring, Mackerel, &c., at BURNSIDE & THOMAS'.

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISONS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISENS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM,

&c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

H. D. YERGER,

v3n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

Allegheny St., Bellefonte. Pa.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity, that he is prepar d t furnish, daily,

CAKES OF ALL KINDS,
FRESH BREAD,
CANDIES,
SPICES,
FRUITS, NUTS,
&c., &c.,

and everything and anything belonging to the business During the summer season an elegant

ICE CREAM SALOON

w be opened for the accommodation of Ladies and gentlemen. Having had years of experience in the business, he is confident of giving satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

aug4'70-1y J. H. SANDS.

NEW BAKERY.

AND

CONFECTIONERY

Bush's Arcade, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

ADAM HORKHEIMER.

Having opened a new and first-class Bakery and Confectionery, he is prepared to serve the public with good fresh

BREAD,
PIES,
CAKES,
COFECTIONS

and every thing in his line, at all times. His

ICE CREAM SALOON

will be open during the summer, and will be kept attractive by the very excelent Cream of all popular flavors, constantly on hand.

Pic Nics, private parties, &c., can be supplied with all kinds of Confections, Ice Cream, Cakes, and Fruit at very short notice.

v2n21-1y.

Merchant Tailoring.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Felty's new building opposite Bush's Arcade.

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

Having just received from Philadelphia, a large stock of Broad cloth, Cassimers, and an extensive variety of Spring and Summer Goods, I am prepared to furnish my friends and customers, the very best at the most reasonable prices.

My thanks are due those who have patronized me for many years, and a cordial invitation is hereby extended the public generally, to call and examine my Goods and Prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am also prepared, at all times, to make up Goods furnished by customers. All suits warranted to fit.

v2n19-1y. W. S. TRIPPLE.

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods,

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,

Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors, &c., on hand. This establishmet is also the headquarters of the

Singer Sewing Machine Agency.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v2n34-1y

Lumber etc.

W. V HUGHES.

(Successor to Holmes & Company,)

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand

White & Yellow Pine Flooring,

Weatherboarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Moulding,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of

every description

nd Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

Orders from

Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,

and the trade generally solicited.

v2n12-1y. W. V. HUGHES, Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

DRY GOODS.

HARPER BRO'S.

A LARGE STOCK NEW GOODS

AT

HARPER BROTHERS

Just received, a fresh and varied assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

For Fall and Winter Wear.

SHAWLS AND CLOAKINGS!

All of the latest patterns

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings; also a large stock

OF LADIES AND CHILDRENS SHOES,

MEN'S & BOYS

HATS AND CAPS.

We have also some fine Carpets and Matting,

and as good a stock of

STAPLE GROCERIES

As can be found in Bellefonte. We have a good

stock of

HOOP SKIRTS, LINEN CLOTHING, &c.

Call and examine our Goods and Prices.

v3n1-1y.

NEW GOODS AND NEW PRICES.

HIGH RATES RUBBED OUT.
GOODS AT OLD FASHIONED PRICES.

HOFFER BROTHERS,

Would respectfully inform their old friends, that they are daily receiving a large

STOCK OF GOODS OF ALL KINDS,

which they are offering at the very lowest market price.

DRY GOODS.

Consisting of the latest styles of figured and plain Alpacas, figured and plain all-wool Delaines, Shepherd Plaids, Black Silks, Summer Silks, Wash Poplins, White Goods, White Counterpanes, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Checks, Ginghams, Bed ticks, Flannels, etc., Shepherd Plaid Balmorals, black Cloth Cassimeres, Velvetine, Corduroy, Kentucky Jeans, Drills, Ladies Cloaking, Plain Colors, Middlesex Cloths, a full line of Cloths, Sattinettes, and Vestings, all kinds and all prices which will be sold extremely cheap,

Also,

PLAIDS OF VARIOUS COLORS.

We have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of all kinds of

CROCKERY, GROCERIES, MACKERAL, SALT, &c.,

which we will dispose of at the lowest cash prices.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods, and the highest market price allowed.

FRIENDS AWAKE TO YOUR INTERESTS,

For we feel satisfied that we can suit your tastes, as well as your purses. ja4'71-1

LOEB, MAY & LOEB.

Thankful for past favors, we adopt this method of informing our friends and the public generally, that we have just received from the eastern cities, our

SECOND INSTALLMENT

of a well selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

consisting of

LOEB, MAY & LOEB.

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Clothing,
Boots,
Shoes,
Notions,
Queensware,
Wooden Ware,
& Willow-ware

We are selling goods at greatly reduced rates and assure the people of Centre county that

IT WILL BE TO THEIR INTEREST

to call at our New Store Room and examine o Stock.

WE LABOR TO PLEASE.

WE STRIVE TO ACCOMMODATE ALL

and we are determined

not disappoint the expectations of the people, or suffer ourselves

TO BE UNDERSOLD

in this market. A cordial invitation is extended to all to call at our new building on

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.

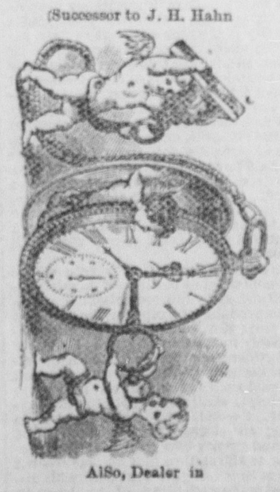
v2n18-1y LOEB, MAY & LOEB.

JEWELRY, &c.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

(Successor to J. H. Hahn

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER



ENGRAVER, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Also, Dealer in

AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND SWISS WATCHES, CLOCKS, FINE JEWELRY AND SILVER PLATED WARE. WATCHES REPAIRED ON THE

MOST SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES,

And warranted to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

MASONIC MARKS, ODD FELLOW AND SOCIETY BADGES,

Manufactured on Short notice. Gold and Silver Jewelry manufactured to order.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

NO. 1, BUSH HOUSE,

v2n17-1y

Philadelphia Advertisements.

EAGLE HOTEL.

R. D. CUMMINGS, Prop'r.
M. M. SWARR Sup't.

227 North Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

The rates at the "Eagle" have been reduced to the very moderate sum of $2.25 per day.

3-19-1y.

W. F. WARBURTON,

Fasbionable Hatter,

430 CHESTNUT STREET, BELOW FIFTH,

PHIL DELPHIA.

v3n21-1y

Frank Brothers & Co.,

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS,

AND JOBBERS OF

Goods for Men's Wear,

No. 51. North Third Street,

v3n21-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

ADAM BAUM,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

WINE AND LIQUORS,

BOURBON, RYE & MONONGAHELA

WHISKIES,

No. 117 VINE STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Cider and White Wine Vinegar Constantly on hand. v3n21-1y

PHILIP SCHOENEMAN,

WHOLESALE

CLOTHIER!

No, 225 North 3d St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings and Men's wear. v3n21-1y

J. P. ODENKIRK,

WITH

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & COMPANY

No. 47, NORTH THIRD ST., PHIL'A.,

Two doors above Arch, formerly 226,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN Carpets, Oil Cloths, Oil Shades, Wick Yarn, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chains, Grain Bags, Window Paper, Batting, &c. Also, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, Brooms, Brushes, Looking Glasses, &c. v1n20-tf.

HENRY HARPER,

No. 722 Chestnut St.,

(Formerly 520, Arch Street,)

Opposite "Old Masonic Hall,"

PHILADELPHIA,

Has a Large Stock of American and Swiss Gold and Silver Watches, Opera, Lionitien and Vest Chains, French Clocks, Opera Glasses and Fancy Goods, Fancy and Plain Solid Silverware, and Rogers' Celebrated Spoons, Forks, Tea Sets, Ice Pitchers, Castors, &c., all of which are selling at reasonable prices. v2n12-1y.

CARD.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO

NO. 902 Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA,

Desire to invite the especial attention of purchasers and others visiting the city, to their unusually large and varied assortment of

NEW JEWELRY,

FINE WATCHES,

OF MOST RELIABLE MAKERS.

GOLD CHAINS.

Artistic Silver Ware

FOR BRIDAL and other PRESENTATIONS.

TABLE CUTLERY, E EB RO PLATED GOODS OF FINEST QUALITY,

FYENCH CLOCKS, BRONZES AND MANTLE ORNAMENTS,

Received DIRECT FROM PARIS during the present season.

Courteous and polite attention is extended to all who may be induced to accept a cordial invitation to visit their beautiful store,

902 Chestnut St.

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FOR DYSPEPTICS AND CONVALESCENTS.

SCHMIDT'S

CELEBRATED

Bismark Bitters,

Has a widespread reputation in Both Europe and America, as an unequaled

Tonic, Beverage & Appetizer.

Persons suffering from

DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE,

HEADACHE, NERVOUS DEBILITY,

DIARRHŒA, CHOLERA MORBUS,

and all other diseased conditions attended with disordered stomach, will experience speedy relief from the use of this agreeable and palatable tonic.

Many physicians recommend it for delicate persons and convalescents who require an innocent tonic, in which PURE WINE is the only alchoholic agent.

Orders should be left at the office, or addressed to

SAMUEL SCHMIDT,

225 North 3d St.,

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Musical Instruments.

CHICKERING & SONS,

CELEBRATED

PIANOS

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Also

All kinds of

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

for sale at

T. M. CHRISTIE & CO'S.,

Music Store,

WESPER STREET, LOCK HAVEN, PENNA.

v3n

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Wednesday Morning, Sept'r 20, 1871.

FURNITURE made to order at O'Bryans Furniture Store.

DR. BELFORD will be found in his office for several days. Persons wishing him to do work for them will please call. He will be in his office during the Fair.

ATTENTION SOLDIERS.—All soldiers in Centre county, are respectfully requested to call at the office of Capt. R. C. Cheesman, opposite the Court House, to sign a petition to be presented to Congress at their next session, in which every soldier will be personally interested and benefitted. 36-3t.

FOR SALE.—Great Bargains are now to be obtained by persons wishing to purchase first rate farms. One farm upon which is erected a good brick house and brick grist mill is offered at $21,000 on ten years time. Another farm of 150 acres in the same neighborhood at $12,000, eight years time. And still another for $14,000, eight years, in which to make the payments. For further particulars inquire at the REPUBLICAN office. v3n27-ts.

WE notice, that the energetic Superintendent of the Bald Eagle Valley Rail Road, Geo. C. Wilkins, Esq., who is always studying the convenience, pleasure and safety of the traveling public, has recently put on the road a new out fit of Cars &c., for the Express Train, under the conductorship of Capt. Stevens. The new train is made up of cars, fitted up in the most improved style, and being placed under the control of the Captain, who is a first class conductor, and always looks after the interests of the company, as the comfort and safety of his passengers, the traveling public, may, with confidence embark on that train, feeling assured, that their travel will be free from accident and danger.

RAILROADS.—We clip the following from the *American Manufacturer*, published in Pittsburgh, Pa:

Canada seems to lead other countries in the construction of narrow gauge railroads. After the completion of several hundred miles of this cheap mode of travel, they continue with no diminishing spirit, to push forward still further, until the evidence begins to indicate that the whole country will soon become a vast net work of narrow gauge road. So impressed has the minds of our Canadian neighbors become of the great importance, both in point of safety and economy, as well as security for investment concerning these roads, that nearly all the stock thrown upon the market has been readily taken at an advanced per cent. on par value. When these roads have been built by local subscriptions through portions of the country not so densely populated, large amounts of the stock have been taken by townships along the respective lines through which the roads pass. This is an example we should do well to imitate.

For the REPUBLICAN.

RENOVA, Sept. 13th, 1871.

"THAT ORDER."—We do not doubt Meek's honesty in his criticisms in the *Democratic Watchman*, of Sept. 8th, on the Westport disaster, he does not know better, his railroading is very much like his politics, and we must consider the source from whence it comes. His first position is, the P. & E. R. R. Co., assert, the order given to Conductor Hyman, was found in the engineers pocket. It is no such a thing, the engineer had a copy of the order, and conductor Hyman had a copy which he signed for at the Renova office before leaving, it was read to the engineer by Hyman, which was proven at the Coroners inquest. "The 2nd, supposition was that Hyman had not seen the order and third that he did not receive any order at Renova until after the train had been gone several minutes."

This is perfectly absurd, will Mr. Meek, tell us how a train would be permitted to leave Renova Station when behind time without orders, knowing the Freight train coming East were behind time? All orders for trains running from Renova and one hundred miles West, *are issued at Renova by the Superintendant of the Middle Division.* Mr. Meek the next time you get on a train, look out when the train starts from the station, see if the conductor does not give the engineer signal to start, either with his hand, or the bell rope, or if at night with the lamp, it will be healthier for you, will get good fresh air, and improve your intellect. Suppose engineer could not read, he could understand signal to start when given by the Conductor. It is foolishness to suppose that conductor did not see the order, such Railroading, nothing worse I know of in the world, he might as well say the conductor received orders to go ahead, from a man gathering blackberries at Westport. If Meek had 700 majority, who will swallow his political teaching, of course he mislead the same number in his Railroading. But why should he be so hard on Pat, blame him for ignorance, when there is so many others in the unterified party, that are in the same boat? Do not write on Railroading again, or you may loose votes in October, some one may read your pieces to those that cannot do so. "Let Justice he done though the Heavens fall." JUSTICE.

RANKIN is still ahead in the Book business.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General elections within the Commonwealth," it is made the duty of the Sheriff of each county to give public notice of such election to be holden, and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected; therefore,

I, D. W. WOODRING, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, do hereby make known by this advertisement, that a General Election will be held in and for said county, on

TUESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCT. NEXT,

being the second Tuesday in said month, in the several districts thereof, as follows:

One person duly qualified for Auditor General.

One person duly qualified for Surveyor General.

One person duly qualified for member of Assembly.

One person duly qualified for County Treasurer.

One person duly qualified for County Commissioner.

Two persons duly qualified for the office of Associate Judge.

One person duly qualified for District Attorney

One person duly qualified for County Surveyor.

One person duly qualified for County Auditor.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid election in the several borough and townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Hams, at the public house of Absalom Harter, in the town of Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for the purpose, on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter, at the house of R. H. Porter, Old Fort.

For the townahip of Gregg, at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher.

For the township of Ferguson, at the school house in Pine Grove.

For the township of Harris, at the school house in Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murry.

For the Borough of Bellefonte, and Spring and Benner townships, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, at the school house in Hublersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush, at Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house near the house of Samuel Askey.

For the township of Marrion, at the school house in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the School house at Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house in Central City.

For the township of Houston, at the house of John Reed.

For the township of Penn, at the house of W. L. Musser.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house in Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of John Boas.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the borough of Unionville and Union township, at the school house in Unionville.

In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of June, 1839.

NOTICE is hereby given that the General Election will be opened between the hours of 6 and 7 o'clock, in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until 7 o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

And in and by the said act I am further directed to give notice "that every person except justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit and trust under the government of the United States, of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative or Executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of any incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress, and of select or common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or any other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.".

The inspectors and judge of the elections shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in the district, to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at such election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of the several assessors of each district to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freemen of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers his vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district where he offers his vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election, shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months: *Provided*, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in an election district as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless first, he produce a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and gives satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof. Second, if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in this State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the account given him, that he is of age aforesaid, and such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person thus admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes on the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided in the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is in said district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of the residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward, or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months; and if it shall be shown to Court, where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person, not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election of this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in any term not exceeding three months.

If any one shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or who shall procure another to do so, he or they offending, shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens), shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

REGISTRY LAW.

I also give official notice to the electors of Centre county, that, by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved April 17, A. D. 1869, it is provided as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That it shall be the duty of each of the assessors within this Commonwealth, on the first Monday in June of each year, to take up the transcript he has received from the county Commissioners under the eighth section of the act of fifteenth April, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and proceed to an immediate revision of the same by striking therefrom the name of every person who is known by him to have died or removed since the last previous assessment from the district of which he is the assessor, or whose death or removal from the same shall be made known to him, and add to the same the name of any qualified voter who shall be known by him to have moved into the district since the last previous assessment, of whose removal into the same shall have been made known to him, and also the names of all who shall make claim to him to be qualified voters therein. As soon as the revision is completed he shall visit every dwelling house in his district and make careful inquiry if any person whose name is on his list has died or removed from the district, and if so, to take the same therefrom, or whether any qualified voter resides therein whose name is not on his list, and if so, to add the same thereto; and in all cases where a name is added to the list a tax shall forthwith be assessed against the person; and the assessor shall in all cases ascertain, by inquiry, upon what ground the person so assessed claims to be a voter. Upon the completion of the work, it shall be the duty of each assessor as aforesaid to proceed to make out a list in alphabetical order, of the white freemen above twenty-one years of age, claiming to be qualified voters in the ward, borough, township or district of which he is the assessor, and opposite each of said names state whether said freeman is or is not a housekeeper; and if he is, the number of his residence, in towns where the same are numbered, with the street, alley or court in which situated and if in a town where there are no numbers, the name of the street, alley or court on which said house fronts; also the occupation of the person, and where he is not a housekeeper, the occupation, place of boarding and with whom, and if working for another, the name of the employer, and write opposite each of said names the word "voter;" where any person claims to vote by reasons of naturalization, he shall exhibit his certificate thereof to the assessor, unless he has been for five consecutive years next preceding a voter in said district; and in all cases where the person has been naturalized the name shall be marked with the letter "N;" where the person has merely declared his intentions to become a citizen and designs to be naturalized before the next election, the name shall be marked "D. I.;" where the claim is to vote by reason of being between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two, as provided by law, the word "age" shall be entered; and if a person has moved into the election district to reside since the last general election, the letter "R" shall be placed opposite the name. It shall be the further duty of each assessor as aforesaid, upon the completion of the duties herein imposed, to make out a separate list of all new assessments made by him, and the amount assessed upon each, and furnish the same immediately to the county commissioners, who shall add the names to the tax duplicate of the ward, borough, township or district in which they have been assessed.

SEC. 2. On the list being completed and the assessments made as aforesaid, the same shall forthwith be returned to the county commissioners, who shall cause duplicate copies of said lists, with the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid, to be made out as soon as practicable and placed in the hands of the assessor, who, shall prior to the first of August in each year, put one copy thereof on the door or on the house where election of the respective districts is required to be held, and retain the other in his possession, for the inspection, free of charge, of any person resident in the said election district who shall desire to see the same; and it shall be the duty of the said assessor to add from time to time, on the personal application of any one claiming the right to vote, the name of such applicant, and mark opposite each name "C. N." and immediately assess him with a tax, noting, as in all other cases, his occupation, residence, whether a boarder or housekeeper; if a boarder, with whom he boards; and whether naturalized or designed to be, marking in all such cases the letters opposite the name, "N." or "D. I." as the case may be. If the person claiming to be assessed be naturalized, he shall exhibit to the assessor his certificate of naturalization; and if he claims that he designs to be naturalized before the next ensuing election, he shall exhibit the certificate of his declaration of intention; in all cases where any ward, borough, township or election district is divided into two or more precincts, the assessor shall note in all his assessments the election precinct in which each elector resides, and shall make a separate return for each to the county commissioners, in all cases in which a return is required from him by the provisions of this act; and the county commissioners, in making duplicate copies of all such returns shall make duplicate copies of the names of the voters in each precinct, separately, and shall furnish the same to the assessor; and the copies required by this act to be placed on the doors of or on election places on or before the first of August in each year, shall be placed on the door of or on the election place in each of said precincts.

SEC. 3. After the assessments have been completed on the tenth day preceding the second Tuesday in October of each year, the assessor shall, on the Monday immediately following, make a return to the county commissioners of the names of all persons assessed by him since the return required to be made by him by the second section of this act, noting opposite each name the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid; and the county commissioners shall thereupon cause the same to be added to the return required by the second section of this act, and a full and correct copy thereof to be made, containing the names of all persons so returned as resident taxables in said ward, borough, township, or precinct, and furnish the same, together with the necessary election blanks, to the officers of the election in said ward, borough, township, or precinct, on or before six o'clock in the morning of the second Tuesday of October; and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote, as hereinafter required.

SEC. 4. On the day of election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district of which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days next preceeding said election; which witness shall take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the fact stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born; that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or if formerly a citizen therein, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceeding said election, that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where, and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affidavit was assessed, and when, where and to who a paid and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affidavit shall state on his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization; and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of taking the affidavit, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days next preceeding such election, he shall be elected to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; the said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally lis', and other papers required by law to be filled by the return judge with the Prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the Prothonotary's office, subject to examination, as other election papers are; if the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant to vote on age, the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SEC. 5. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person; whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for ten years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year; the like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the indorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 6. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, for every such offence, to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 7. Ten days preceeding every election for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, it shall be the duty of the assessor to attend at the place fixed by the law for holding the election in each election district, and then and there hear all applications of persons whose names have been omitted from the list of assessed voters, and who claim the right to vote; or whose rights have originated since the same was made out, and shall add the names of such persons thereto, as shall show that they are entitled to the right of suffrage in such district, on the personal application of the claimant only, and forthwith assess them with the proper tax. After completing the list, a copy thereof shall be placed on the door of, or on the house where the election is to be held, at least eight days before the election; and at the election the same course shall be pursued, in all respects as is required by this act and the acts to which it is a supplement, at the general elections in October. The assessor shall also make the same returns to the county commissioners of all assessments made by virtue of this section; and the county commissioners shall furnish copies thereof to the election officers in each district, in like manner, in all respects, as is required at the general elections in October.

SEC. 8. The same rules and regulations shall apply at every special election, and every seperate city, borough or ward election, in all respects as at the general elections in October.

SEC. 9. The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer oaths to any persons claiming the right to be assessed or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers under this act; and any willful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers shall be punished as perjury.

SEC. 10. The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined, as is provided by law for the performance of their other duties, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within ten days next preceding the election to be held on the second Tuesday in October in any year, or within ten days next before any election for electors of President and Vice President of the United States; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officers so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 11. On the petition of five or more citizens of the county, stating under oath that they verily believe that frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of said county, if in session, or if not, a judge thereof in vacation, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the county to act as overseers shall be selected from different political parties, where the inspectors belong to different parties, and where both of said inspectors belong to the same political party, both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election, during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witness under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election, and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and perform their duties as aforesaid, or if they shall be driven away from the polls by violence and intimidation, all the votes polled at such election district may be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election; *Provided*, That no person signing the petition shall be appointed an overseer.

SEC. 12. If any prothonotary, clerk, or the deputy of either, or any person, shall, affix the seal of office to any naturalization paper, or permit the same to be affixed, or give out, or cause or permit the same to be given out in blank, whereby it may be fraudulently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court, in the presence of some of the judges thereof, according to act of Congress, or shall aid in, connive at, or in any way permit the issue of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor; or if any one shall fraudulently use any such certificate of naturalization, knowing that it was fraudulently issued, or shall vote, or attempt to vote thereon, or if any one shall vote or attempt to vote on any certificate of naturalization not issued to him, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor: and either or any of the persons, their aiders or abettors, guilty of either of the misdemeanors aforesaid, shall, on conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned in the proper penitentiary for a period not exceeding three years.

SEC. 13. Any person who on oath or affirmation, in or before any court of this State, or officer authorized to administer oaths, shall, to procure a certificate of naturalization, for himself or any other person, wilfully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be false, or shall in like manner deny any matter to be fact knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void; and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained to take immediate measures for recalling the same for cancellation, and any person who shall vote, or attempt to vote, on any paper so obtained, or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificates, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and upon conviction thereof shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offense, or either or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 14. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and if any assessor shall assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by fine or imprisonment, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent or for any improper purpose the person so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 15. All elections for city, ward, borough, township and election officers shall hereafter be held on the second Tuesday of October, subject to all provisions of the laws regulating the election of such officers not inconsistent with this act; the persons elected to such offices at that time shall take their places at the expiration of the terms of the persons holding the same at the time of such election; but no election for the office of assessor or assistant assessor shall be held under this act until the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

SEC. 16. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock, a. m., and closed at seven o'clock, p. m.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary by this act, and furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth; and the commissioners of each county shall, as soon as may be necessary after receipt of the same, at the proper expense of the county, procure and furnish to all election officers of the election districts of their respective counties copies of such blanks, in such quantities as may be rendered necessary for the discharge of their duties under this act.

SEC. 18. That the citizens of this State temporarily in the service of the State or of the United States government, on clerical or other duty, and who do not vote where thus employed, shall not be thereby deprived of the right to vote in their several election districts if otherwise duly qualified.

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION U. S.

SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

FIRST AND SECOND SESTION OF THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF MARCH 31, 1870.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all citizens of the United States, who are, or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people, in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial sub-division, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any Constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any State or Territory, or by, or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, that if by or under the authority of the Constitution or laws of any State, or laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such Constitution or law, persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote, without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs, and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both at the discretion of the court.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

SEC. 10 OF AN ACT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE OF APRIL 6, A. D. 1870.

SEC. 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white free-men are entitled to vote or be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth be and the same is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all free-men, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved 17th April, 1869, entitled "An act supplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under the existing laws be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.

Also, I hereby give notice of the following Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.—Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Also the following Act to authorize a popular vote upon the question of calling a Convention to amend the Constitution of Pennsylvania:

SECTION 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the question of calling a Convention of this Commonwealth be submitted to a vote of the people at the general election, to be held on the second Tuesday of October next, the said question to be voted upon in manner following, to wit: In counties and cities in which slip ticket voting is authorized by law, votes for and against a convention may be expressed and given upon the ticket, headed or endorsed with the word "State' and not otherwise; and the words used shall be "Constitutional Convention," and underneath "for a Convention" or "against a Convention;" and in counties or districts in which slip ticket voting shall not be authorized by law, each elector voting upon said question shall cast a separate ballot, endorsed on the outside "Constitutional Convention," and containing on the inside the words "for a Convention" or "against a Convention," and all votes cast as aforesaid shall be received, counted and returned by the proper election officers and return judges as votes for Governor are received, counted and returned under existing laws.

SEC. 2. That the elections aforesaid shall be held and be subject to all the provisions of law which apply to general elections; the sheriffs of the several counties shall give notice of this act in their election proclamation the present year, and the Governor shall cause all the returns of the said election, as received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be laid before the Legislature at its next annual election.

CHANGE IN THE MANNER OF VOTING.

AN ACT regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth, approved March 30th, 856:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,—That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, Borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter required to vote by tickets, written or printed, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified, as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and to be labelled outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, labelled, "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all County officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and be labelled, "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all Township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all Borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "Borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

☞ There will be no "Borough" or "Township" tickets voted at the general election. ☜

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on the third day after the election, being for the present year, on Friday, the 13th day of October next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., then and there to do and perform those duties required by law of said judges. Also, that when a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend said meeting of judges, then the certificate or return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors, or clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties of said judge unable to attend.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office, in Bellefonte, this 15th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and in the ninety-sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

D. W. WOODRING,
Sheriff of Centre County.

Sheriff's Office Bellefonte, Sept. 15, 1871.

MARRIED.

On the 12th inst., at the residence of the brides parents near Lemont, Pa, by Rev. D. M. Wolf, Mr. Geo. R. Hoan and Miss. Harriet Williams.

We call especial attention to the advertisement in another column of SPEERS PORT GRAPE WINE a pure and unadulterated Grape Wine, invaluable in sickness. v2n37-1y

☞DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success by, J. ISAACS M. D. and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (his specialty) in the Medical College of Pennsylvania*, 13 *years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No 805 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. v2n39-1y

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

In all cases of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Kidney diseases, MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS will be found a reliable remedy. It has been before the American people for over ten years, and is now recognized as a standard preparation. It is sold by Druggists everywhere, possesses the confidence of the people in a greater degree than other patent medicine, and is endorsed and recommended by Physicians in every section of the country.

THE MESSENGER OF HEALTH.

A large size paper, descriptive of disease, its origin and cure, will be mailed free to any address, on application to Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Lancaster, Pa. 35-4t.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

THOUSAND SUFFER FROM IT.—A Weak, Nervous, Exhausted Feeling, no Energy, Animation of Vigor, Low Spirits, Confused Head, Weak Memory, Nocturnal or Involuntary Seminal Emissions, With Loss of Power and Threatened Impotence. The consequent of excesses, overwork or indiscretions. This is NERVOUS DEBILITY, and it finds a sovereign remedy in HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. TWENTY-EIGHT. Thousands have been cured by these simple sugar pills. They tone up the system, arrest the discharges, dispel the gloom and mental depression, and rejuvenate the system. Price $5 for a package or five boxes and a vial of power, which is important in all old long-standing cases, or $1 per single box Sold by all first-class druggists, and sent to any address on receipt of the price. Address HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., 562 Broadway, New York. v2n14-1y.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary have been granted, by the O. P. Court of Centre County on the Estate of Harrison Smull, of Miles township Decd, to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MRS. MATILDA SMULL,
Executrix.
SAML GRAMLY
Executor.
v3n37-6t

TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS.—The examinations not already past will be held as follows, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. at which time the Secretary will be expected to have the class organized and in readiness, so as to cause no delay. Applicants for schools will be required to attend the examination in the district where they expect to teach, unless they procure a written request to the contrary from the proper board of directors. All should be provided with paper, pen and ink.

Miles—Rebersburg, Saturday, Sept. 23.,
Haines—Aaronsburg, Monday, 25.
Penn—Millheim, Tuesday, Sept. 26.
Gregg—Penn Hall, Wednesday, Sept. 27.
Potter—Centre Hall, Thursday, Sept. 28.
Harris—Boalsburg, Friday, Sept. 29.
Furguson—Pine Grove, Saturday, Sept. 30.
Halfmoon—Stormstown, Monday, Oct.